12425 3 Hours / 70 Marks

Seat No.								
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Instructions:

- (1) All Questions are *compulsory*.
- (2) Answer each next main Question on a new page.
- (3) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
- (4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- (5) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
- (6) Use of Non-programmable Electronic Pocket Calculator is permissible.
- (7) Mobile Phone, Pager and any other Electronic Communication devices are not permissible in Examination Hall.
- (8) Use of steam tables, logarithmic, Mollier's chart is permitted.

Marks

1. Attempt any FIVE:

10

- (a) Enlist any four desirable properties of textile fibres.
- (b) Draw the chemical structure of repeat unit in cotton.
- (c) Label the cross-section of cotton fibre.
- (d) Enlist any two bast fibres and give its commercial significance.
- (e) Recite in brief, the cultivation of flax fibres.
- (f) Draw the morphological structure of sisal fibre.
- (g) Discuss in brief on the lignin content in banana fibres.



[1 of 4] P.T.O.

22361 [2 of 4]

2. Attempt any THREE:

12

- (a) Explain the essential properties of textile fibres.
- (b) Describe with a neat labelled diagram, the method adopted to determine the maturity of cotton fibre.
- (c) Elaborate on the cultivation of jute fibre & also draw the morphological structure.
- (d) Discuss the different varieties of silk which are available for textile application.

3. Attempt any THREE:

12

- (a) Analyze the effect of degree of polymerization and moisture content on strength in case of cotton fibre.
- (b) Sketch a neat labelled morphological structure of cotton fibre and draw the cross-section and longitudinal section of the same.
- (c) Elaborate on the chemical composition of banana fibre & comment on the significance of each component.
- (d) Describe the different methods of cleaning fibres.

4. Attempt any THREE:

12

- (a) Classify the fibres based on origin with one suitable example of each.
- (b) Differentiate between staple and filament yarns (any four points).
- (c) Elaborate the chemistry of cotton fibre and mention its chemical composition.
- (d) Describe with a neat sketch, the use of air flow principle instrument to determine the wool fibre fineness.
- (e) Enlist and justify the selection of chemicals to suit the morphological & chemical structure for processing of mulberry silk fibre.

22361 [3 of 4]

5. Attempt any TWO:

12

- (a) Differentiate between crystalline, amorphous and mesomorphous region in textile fibres.
- (b) Describe the method of determining the formation of oxycellulose and hydrocellulose formation in cotton fibre fabric during the processing of cotton.
- (c) Outline with neat sketch, the method to determine the chemical composition of cellulose in flax fibre.

6. Attempt any TWO:

12

- (a) Demonstrate with justification, the chemical used along with their concentration for the processing of sisal fibre.
- (b) Set-up the chemicals to be used for processing of tussar silk so as to suit the morphological and chemical structure of fibre.
- (c) Justify the statement "wool is elastic fibre". Also, illustrate the effect of salt linkages on dying behaviour of wool fibre.

[4 of 4]