17353

11819 3 Hours /	10) Marks	Seat	No.								
Instructions –	(1)	All Questions	are Com	pulsoi	ry.							
	(2)	Answer each Section on separate answer sheet.										
	(3)	Answer each	next main	Que	estio	n o	on a	n ne	ew	pag	ge.	
	(4)	Illustrate your necessary.	answers	with	nea	t sł	cetc	hes	wł	nere	ever	
	(5)	Figures to the	right ind	licate	ful	l m	ark	s.				
	(6)	Assume suitab	ole data, i	f nec	essa	ıry.						
	(7)	Use of Non-p Calculator is	e		Elect	ron	ic l	Poc	ket			
	(8)	Mobile Phone Communicatio Examination I	n devices		•							
	(9)	Use of Steam permitted.	tables, lo	ogaritl	hmio	c, N	Mol	lier	's c	har	t is	1
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SECTION - I

Attempt any <u>SEVEN</u> of the following:a) Draw the single line diagram of electrical power AC supply system from generation to distribution level.

- b) Differentiate between AC and DC supply.
- c) State the relation between phase voltage and line voltage in 3-phase delta connection.
- d) What is use of clip-on meter?

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- e) Write working principle of PMMC instrument.
- f) Define transformation ratio and efficiency of a transformer.
- g) Define energy audit.
- h) List the classification of electric drives.
- i) State the principle of electric heating.
- j) Enlist and name the different types of welding.

2. Attempt any <u>THREE</u> of the following:

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- a) Define the following terms:
 - (i) Cycle
 - (ii) Frequency
 - (iii) Amplitude
 - (iv) Time period
- b) Draw a neat labelled diagram of single phase energy meter.
- c) Derive emf equation of 1-phase transformer.
- d) What are the functions of MCB and ELCB in the protection of electrical system.
- e) Explain the working principle of capacitor start 1 phase induction motor.

3. Attempt any <u>THREE</u> of the following:

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- a) With neat sketch explain the working of a MI type voltmeter.
- b) A 6600V/600V, 50H2 1 ϕ transformer has a maximum flux density of 1.35 wb/m² in its core. If the net cross sectional area of iron in the core is 0.2m². Calculate the no of turns in the primary and secondary winding of the transformer.
- c) Explain the operating principle of Auto transformers.
- d) Draw wiring diagram for 2 switches and 2 funs used for residential purpose.
- e) Draw neat label diagram of star delta starter.

P.T.O.

Attempt any THREE of the following:

a) A circuit consist of resistance $R=20\mu$, inductance of L=0.05H, A source voltage of 230 volt, 50H2 frequency is connected across the series combination of R and L

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Calculate the following:

- (i) Total circuit current
- (ii) Total circuit impedance
- (iii) Voltage across resistance
- (iv) Voltage across inductor
- b) Explain with suitable diagram necessity of earthing.
- c) Draw constructional diagram of stator and rotor of 3-ph induction motor label different parts of it.
- d) State any four factors for selection of motor for different drives.
- e) Explain working principle of electroplating.

SECTION - II

5. Attempt any NINE of the following:

- a) Define Intrinsic and Extrinsic semiconductor.
- b) Draw the symbol of light emitting diode and zenner diode.
- c) Mention any two application's of light emitting diode.
- d) Draw energy band diagram of semiconductor.
- e) Draw the symbol of PNP and NPN transistor.
- f) Write down the logic expression of AND and NOR gate.
- g) Which gates are called as universal gates?
- h) What are different types of filter in power supply? Mention
- i) Write down truth table of EX-OR gate. Draw it's symbol.
- j) What is Avalanche effect in zenner diode? Explain.
- k) Draw block diagram of regulated power supply.
- l) Define:
 - (i) Negative logic
 - (ii) Positive logic

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6. Attempt any <u>FOUR</u> of the following:

- a) Draw and explain V-I characteristics of P-N junction diode.
- b) Draw and explain single stage common emitter amplifier.
- c) State De Morgan's theorem? Explain with truth-table.
- d) Define:
 - (i) Conductor
 - (ii) Insulator

Also draw energy band diagram.

- e) Explain two transistor analogy of SCR. Also give two applications of SCR.
- f) Explain full wave bridge rectifier with necessary waveform.

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Attempt any <u>FOUR</u> of the following:

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- a) Explain zenner diode as a shunt regulator with neat sketch.
- b) Draw and explain center tapped full wave rectifier with necessary wave form.
- c) Explain V-I characteristic of light emitting diode. Also draw constructional diagram.
- d) With neat constructional sketch explain working principle of TRIAC.
- e) With neat sketch, explain working of NPN transistor.
- f) Draw and explain class B push-pull amplifier.