

17317

3 Hours / 100 Marks

Seat No.				

Instructions:

- (1) All questions are compulsory.
- (2) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
- (3) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.
- (4) Assume suitable data, if **necessary**.
- (5) Use of Non-programmable Electronic Pocket Calculator is **permissible**.

Marks

1. A) Solve any six:

12

- a) Define:
 - i) Accuracy
 - ii) Precision.
- b) Compare analog and digital multimeter.
- c) State applications of digital frequency meter.
- d) State the advantages of Digital instrument.
- e) List different types of CRO probes (any four).
- f) State the difference between CRO and DSO.
- g) Define signal generator and state its need.
- h) State two uses of logic analyzer.

B) Attempt any two:

8

- a) Define standards. State and explain classification of standards.
- b) How are instruments classified? Describe the different types.
- c) Design a multirange DC ammeter (Shunt resistor type) for $R_m = 100 \Omega$, $I_m = 1 \text{mA}$ and required current ranges are 0-50 mA, 0-100 mA and 0-200 mA.

2. Attempt any four:

16

- a) Explain gross error, systematic error and random error.
- b) Draw and explain block diagram of Horizontal deflection system.



Marks

- c) Draw the construction of CRT . Write two materials used for CRT display screen.
- d) Explain the measurement of voltage and frequency using CRO.
- e) Explain the concept of single beam dual trace CRO with its block diagram.
- f) Explain measurement of phase and frequency using Lissagous pattern. Write the formula for each one.

3. Attempt any four:

16

- a) Define the following:
 - 1) Speed of Response
 - 2) Lag
 - 3) Fidelity
 - 4) Dynamic Error.
- b) Draw the construction and explain working principle of PMMC instruments.
- c) Derive the relation for deflection torque in PMMC instrument.
- d) Draw the basic block diagram of single trace CRO and describe the function of delay line.
- e) Draw block diagram of function generator. Write two specifications of it.
- f) What is a video pattern generator? State its application.

4. Attempt any four:

16

- a) A basic D'Arsonval movement with internal resistance of 50 Ω and full scale deflection current of 1 mA is to be used as a multirange voltmeter. Design a series of string of multiplier to obtain the voltage range of 0-20 V and 0-40 V.
- b) Explain sensitivity and loading effect in voltmeter.
- c) State and explain any four specifications of analog multimeter.
- d) Explain the working of full wave rectifier type analog AC voltmeter with its circuit diagram.
- e) Write four specification of DMM.
- f) Draw and state how Aryton shunt type DC ammeter operates. State advantage of using Aryton shunt.

5. Attempt any four:

Marks 16

- a) Draw block diagram of DSO. State applications of DSO.
- b) State and describe different triggering available in CRO.
- c) Draw block diagram of RF signal generator and explain its operation.
- d) Define wave analyzer and state its need. Draw the block diagram of it.
- e) Draw block diagram of spectrum analyzer. State applications of spectrum analyzer.
- f) Draw block diagram of distortion factor meter and explain its operation.

6. Attempt any four:

16

- a) Compare analog and digital instruments.
- b) Draw block diagram of digital voltmeter and describe its operation.
- c) Draw Q meter circuit of series connection and explain it.
- d) What is LCR meter? Draw digital LCR-Q meter block diagram.
- e) Draw block diagram of DMM. State its advantages.
- f) Draw block diagram of digital frequency meter in time mode and describe its operation.