

MAHARASHTRA STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION (Autonomous)

(ISO/IEC -270001 - 2005 certified)

Subject code: 17309

WINTER -2016 EXAMINATION Model Answer

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Important Instructions to examiners:

1) The answer should be examined by keywords and not as word-to-word as given in the model answer scheme.

2) The model answer and the answer written by candidate may vary but the examiner may try to assess the understanding level of the candidate.

3) The language error such as grammatical, spelling errors should not be given more importance. (Not applicable for subject English and communication skill).

4) While assessing figures, examiner may give credit for principal components indicated in the figure. The figure drawn by candidate and model answer may vary. The examiner may give credit for any equivalent figure drawn.

5) Credits may be given step wise for numerical problems. In the some cases, the assumed constants values may vary and there may be some difference in the candidates answer and model answer.

6) In case of some questions credit may be given by judgment on part of examiner of relevant answer based on candidates understanding

Q.No.	Question and Model Answers	Marks
Q.1 (A)	Answer any THREE:	12
(i)	Draw Graphical Symbols for:	
	(a) Brickwork, (b) Timber, (c) Centre hung window, (d) Revolving Door	
	Graphical Symbols for:	04*
	(a) Brickwork	
	(b) Timber	
	(c) Centre hung window VERTICAL OR HORIZONTAL CENTRE HUNG	
	(d) Revolving Door	
	*(Note- 01 mark each)	
(ii)	Draw neat sketches of following lines:	
	(a) Centre Line, (b) Section Line, (c) Hidden Line, (d) Extension Line	

	(a) Centre Line		04*			
	(b) Section Line	B B tt				
	(c) Hidden Line					
	(d) Extension Line	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
		*(Note- 01 mark each)				
(iii)	Define : (a) Elegance, (b) Roominess					
	(a) Elegance: Elegance means the effect produced by elevation or the view of building looking from a particular direction, preferably form front side.					
	 (b) Roominess: The effect derived from space of a room (i.e. length, width and height) is called roominess. OR A psychological feeling of bigness or smallness of space or a room is called Roominess. 					
(iv)	Give the values of minimum requirements for: (a) Size of Bathroom, (b) Size of Kitchen, (c) Plinth of Residential Building,					
	(d) Width of Stair for Residential Building.					
	(a) Size of Bathroom:	1.5 m x 1.2 m or 1.2 x 2.1 m OR (minimum area 1.80 m ²)	04*			
	(b) Size of Kitchen:	With store -5.50 m^2 (width 1.80m) OR Without store -4.50 m^2 OR With dining -9.50 m^2 (width 2.40 m)				
	(c) Plinth for Residential Building:	0.45 m, 0.60 m or 0.75 m				
	(d) Width of Stair for Residential Building:	0.90 m or 1.0 m				
	*(Note- 01 mark each for any one correct dimension)					
Q.1 (B)	Draw to a suitable scale the Line Plan for a Polytechnic Girls Hostel Building with an Intake Capacity of 60 Girls. Show position of doors and windows also.					
	Important Note: Student may draw any other line plan of Polytechnic Girls Hostel Building. So give credit accordingly.					

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	*(Note- for Correct Centre lines- 02 marks, foundation width- 02 marks, , All Dimensions and labeling - 02 marks, Diagonal Check – 02 Marks,)							
	Important Note:							
	Student may draw	foundation plan,	considering str	ucture as a				
	framed str	ucture. So give c	redit according	ly.				
(c)	Suggest various units req	uired for primary s	chool for 200 stud	ents.	08			
	Units required for <u>Prima</u>	r <u>y School</u> for 200 st	udents:					
			4 1		08*			
	a) Entrance or reception	on- $3m \ge 6m$, $4m \ge 5$	m, or 4 m wide $\frac{1}{2}$					
	c) Classroom- 4.5m x	12000000000000000000000000000000000000	$111, 4.3111 \times 0111$ m x 7 2m					
	(No. of classrooms requ	uired are 4 to 5 con	sidering 200 stude	ents and primary				
	school)			F J				
	d) Teacher's room- are	ea 14 sq. m						
	e) Principal cabin- are	a 9 sq. m						
	f) Laboratories (minir	num one)- $5.5m \ge 6.5$	5m, 6m x 7.2m or a	area 40 sq. m				
	g) Assembly hall- area	1 0.5-0.6 sq. m per st	udent					
	i) Library 55m x 65	$\frac{10}{10}$	2.40 sa m					
	i) Computer Room- 4	$5m \ge 6m$, $5.5m \ge 6^{+1}$	5m					
	k) Parking- Scooter/ N	Iotorcycle- 3 sq.m./	vehicle, Cycle- 1.2	sq.m./ cycle				
	l) Sanitary block	7 1		1 2				
		I						
	Unit	For Boys	For Girls					
	W.C.	1 in 40	1 in 25					
	Urinal Wesh begin	1 in 20						
	Wash Dashi Water tap	$\frac{1 \text{ In } 40}{1 \text{ in } 50}$	1 in 40					
	water tap	1 111 50	1 111 50					
	*(Note- 1 mark each for any 08 points)							
			_					
(d)	Explain the importance Building Drawing with th	of Planning Princ eir examples.	ciple 'Aspect' and	d 'Prospect' in	08			
	Importance of Aspect-	*						
					~ •			
	1) Different rooms of	the building are pl	aced and located a	according to the	02			
	tunctional utility in such a way that maximum advantage from natural							
	2) The rooms should get enough sunlight and air during some period of day							
	as every room has different purpose							
	3) Therefore by proper positioning of doors and windows in external walls.							
	benefits of natural elements can be obtained. It also creates pleasant,							
	hygienic and cheerful atmosphere inside the room.							
1	ingenite and cheen			4) For example: i) kitchen is placed to the east direction as morning sun rays				
	4) For example: i) kite	chen is placed to the	east direction as n	norning sun rays				
	 4) For example: i) kite kill bacteria and g 	chen is placed to the germs, ii) Bedroom	east direction as n is provided towa	norning sun rays ards west as in	02*			
	 4) For example: i) kite kill bacteria and g summer there is ple Study or dining to a 	chen is placed to the germs, ii) Bedroom ntiful of breeze and other North side to got	east direction as n is provided towa evening sun remov	norning sun rays ards west as in es dampness, iii)	02*			

	Importance of Prospect-	
	 Prospect means taking advantage of desirable views available from windows, doors, balconies, terraces of features outside the building such as garden, lake, sea, river, hill, etc. It also includes blocking undesirable views such as slum area, gutters, garbage dump, railway track, etc. by providing blank walls. Therefore by proper positioning of doors and windows in external walls, numerate as a bigurde. 	02
	 4) For example: i) If there is lake towards east side we can provide balconies, terraces and windows towards that direction and ii) if there is slum area towards west direction we can provide a blank wall towards that direction. 	02*
	*(Note- 1 mark for one example)	
	Important Note: Student may draw figure to explain the	
	importance of principle. So give credit accordingly.	
	i.e. 02 marks for importance, 01 mark for figure and 01 mark for	
	example.	
Q.4	Answer any TWO:	16
(a)	Define: (i) Built-up Area, (ii) Carpet Area, (iii) Plinth Area, (iv) Floor Area	08
	(i) Built-up Area: It is the area covered by all floors of the building. It covers everything under roof but excludes balconies, staircases etc. It includes floor area of all rooms plus wall thickness.	02
	(ii) Carpet Area: This is the floor area of the usable rooms at any floor OR the area where carpet can be laid.	02
	(iii) Plinth Area: This is the built up covered area measured at the floor level of the basement or any storey.	02
	(iv) Floor Area: This is the usable covered area of the building at any floor level. Floor area is calculated by deducting area of walls from plinth area.	02
(b)	List the drawings and documents to be submitted for getting approval from Sanctioning Authority.	08
	The various drawings to be submitted for getting approval from Sanctioning Authority are :	08*
	 Site Plan : Along with block plan showing plinth outline and area statement Ground floor plan, first floor plan, plans of higher floors. Basement floor plan, terrace plan and car park plan. Elevation 	
	4) Section passing through staircase, W.C., bath etc giving details upto foundation.5) Schedule of doors, windows and grill work.	









