

17539

11718

3 Hours / 100 Marks

Seat No.

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- Instructions :**
- (1) All Questions are *compulsory*.
 - (2) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
 - (3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - (4) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
 - (5) Mobile Phone, Pager and any other Electronic Communication devices are not permissible in Examination Hall.

Marks

1. (a) **Attempt any THREE :** **12**

- (i) What is Electrophoresis ? List the parts of electrophoresis apparatus.
- (ii) State and explain the principle of mass spectrometer.
- (iii) Explain the principle of working of Infrared gas analyzer with block diagram.
- (iv) Write the general equation of representation of concentration of gases. State the importance of each term in equation.

(b) **Attempt any ONE :** **6**

- (i) Draw the block diagram of analytical instruments and explain the function of each block.
- (ii) State the principle of chromatography. Classify the chromatography in detail.

2. Attempt any FOUR :**16**

- (a) State and explain Beer-Lambert's laws.
- (b) Define chromatography. What is the significance of column length on chromatogram ?
- (c) List the types and concentration of various gas pollutants.
- (d) Explain in brief the term Chemical Shift with its mathematical expression.
- (e) Draw and explain ozone measurement using conductivity meter.
- (f) Draw the block diagram of thermal conductivity analyzer using thermistor and explain in brief its working.

3. Attempt any FOUR :**16**

- (a) Draw the schematic of double beam filter photometer and explain its working in brief.
- (b) State the applications of NMR spectroscopy. (any 4)
- (c) What is pH ? Explain in brief the principle of pH measurement.
- (d) State the two applications of each :
 - (i) Gas Chromatography and (ii) Liquid Chromatography.
- (e) Draw and explain the measurement of Nitrogen oxide using Co Laser.

4. (a) Attempt any THREE : 12

- (i) Draw and explain the schematic of gas chromatography (GC).
- (ii) Draw the labelled diagram of complete – blood gas analyzer.
- (iii) Draw and describe circuit diagram for calculation of total CO_2 .
- (iv) State and explain the principle of NMR.

(b) Attempt any ONE : 6

- (i) Draw and explain SO_2 measurement using conductivity method.
- (ii) State the principle of colorimeter. Draw the schematic and explain the working of single beam filter photometer.

5. Attempt any FOUR : 16

- (a) Explain in brief the significance of prism and gratings in spectrophotometer.
- (b) Draw and explain the constructional details of glass electrode used for pH measurement.
- (c) Define Chemiluminescence. How measurement of Nitrogen oxide is done using chemiluminescence ?
- (d) Draw and explain the catheter tip electrode for measurement of pO_2 .
- (e) Explain in brief CO_2 measurement using gas chromatography.
- (f) State the principle of Liquid Chromatography.

6. Attempt any FOUR :**16**

- (a) Draw the block diagram of NMR spectrometer.
 - (b) Draw and explain the calomel electrode's construction details.
 - (c) State and explain the principle of flame photometer with neat diagram.
 - (d) Draw and explain the operation of time of flight mass spectrometer.
 - (e) List the basic elements of Liquid chromatography and explain their functions.
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