# 22418

_	3242 Ho	_	70	Marks	Seat	No.				
	Instructions –			All Questions are Compulsory.						
			(2)	Answer each r	next main	Questic	on on	a nev	v pag	ge.
			(3)	Illustrate your necessary.	answers v	with nea	at sketo	ches	where	ever
			(4)	Figures to the	right ind	icate ful	l mark	S.		
			(5)	Assume suitable	le data, if	necess	ary.			
			(6)	Use of Non-pr Calculator is p	•		tronic	Pock	et	
			(7)	Mobile Phone, Communication Examination H	n devices	•				
										Marks
1.	1. Attempt any <u>FIVE</u> of the following:								10	
	a)	State the function of the parts of DC motor								
		i) Commutator								
		ii) Pole core.								
	b)	State th	e working principal of DC generator.							
	c)	Name t	wo materials used for the cores of transformers.							
	d)	State the reason for the transformer rating to be mentioned in kVA								
	e)	Define an instrument transformer.								
	f)	State an	y two	o application of	pulse tra	insforme	er.			
	<b>a</b> )	State tr	applications of isolation transformer							

g) State two applications of isolation transformer.

#### 22418

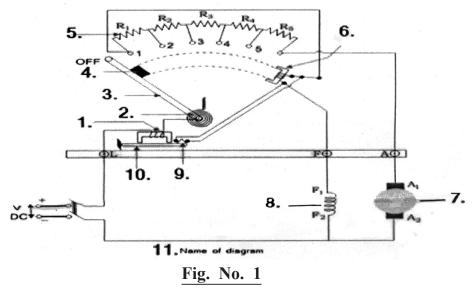
Marks

12

### 2. Attempt any **THREE** of the following:

a) Write the labels of numbers 1 to 11 of Figure No. 1 (any eight)

Note : No need to redraw the diagram.



- b) Draw schematic dia for DC shunt, DC senes motor and DC compound motor.
- c) State different methods of speed control of DC shunt moter. Describe any one method.
- d) Explain the significance of back emf for proper working of the DC motors.

## 3. Attempt any <u>THREE</u> of the following:

12

- a) Explain the necessity of starter for DC motor. State various types of DC motor starter.
- b) A single phase transformer has 300 turns on its primary side and 750 turns on its secondary side, the maximum flux density in the core is 1 Wb/m<sup>2</sup> and frequency is 50 Hz Calculate
  - i) Cross sectional area of the core. If voltage/turn = 10V
  - ii) Total EMF induced in the secondary side.
- c) Explain with circuit diagram, the direct loading tests on single phase transformer. How the efficiency and regulation at given load condition is determined?
- d) Derive the emf equation of a transformer.

4. Attempt any THREE of the following: a) Give any four selection criteria for: Distribution transformer i) Power transformer ii) b) List the condition for parallel operation of three phase transformer. c) Describe working of the single phase welding transformer with simple circuit diagram. d) In a no load test of a single phase transformer, The following test data was obtained :  $V_1 = 230V, V_2 = 110V, I_0 = 0.5A,$ Input power = 30 watts. Find the following : Turns ratio i) ii) Magnetising current Im iii) Iw Ironloss component iv) Iron loss

The resistance of the primary winding is 0.6 ohm.

e) Explain working of 3 phase autotransformer with the neat sketch. Write it's any two application.

## 5. Attempt any <u>TWO</u> of the following:

- a) A 250V shunt motor on no load runs at 1000 rpm and takes 5 A. The total armatureand shunt field resistance are respectively 0.2  $\Omega$  and 250  $\Omega$ . Calculate the speed when loaded and taking a current of 50A.
- b) Compare distribution transformer and power transformer.
- c) Give the specification of three phase transformer as per IS 1180 (part 1) 1989 (any six)

12

12

## 22418

## 6. Attempt any TWO of the following:

- a) Two 1-phase transformers A and B rated at 25KVA each are operated in parallel on both sides. Percentage impedance for A and B are (1 + j6) and (1.2 + j 4.8) respectively. Compute the load shared by each when the total load is 500KVA at 0.8 p.f. lagging.
- b) Explain the effect of Harmonics on the Transformer.
- c) A 4 KVA, 230/115V, single phase, 50Hz transformer give the following results :

O.S. Test : 230V, 1.5A, 100 W

S.C. Test : 45V, 17.4A, 500 W

Calculate the efficiency of the transformer at 0.8 p.f. lagging when the transformer is loaded.

- i) 100%
- ii) 150%