

22330

23242

3 Hours / 70 Marks

Seat No.

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- Instructions* –
- (1) All Questions are *Compulsory*.
 - (2) Answer each next main Question on a new page.
 - (3) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
 - (4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - (5) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
 - (6) Mobile Phone, Pager and any other Electronic Communication devices are not permissible in Examination Hall.

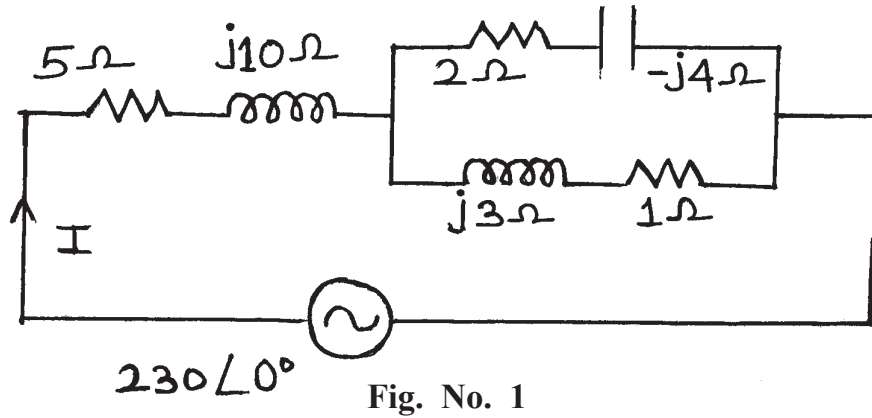
Marks

- 1. Attempt any FIVE of the following: **10****
- a) Define the terms related to single phase AC series circuit
 - i) Impedance
 - ii) Reactance
 - b) Draw impedance triangle for R-L series circuit.
 - c) State any two conditions for resonance in series R-L-C circuit.
 - d) Draw a network, Indicate node and branch on it.
 - e) Write the formula to convert star network into delta network.
 - f) State Reciprocity Theorem.
 - g) Write Y parameter equation for a two port network.

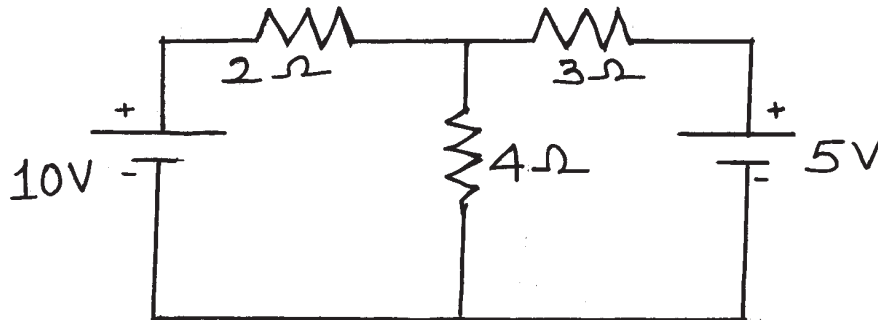
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- 2. Attempt any THREE of the following:** **12**
- a) For a series R-L circuit connected to a.c. supply
 - i) Draw the circuit diagram
 - ii) Write the equation of Resultant Impedance
 - iii) Draw voltage and current waveforms.
 - b) Derive the expression for Resonant frequency of series Resonant circuit.
 - c) Explain the conversion of practical voltage source into equivalent current source using suitable example.
 - d) State superposition theorem. Write the steps to find current in an element using Super Position Theorem.
- 3. Attempt any THREE of the following:** **12**
- a) Define and state equations for:
 - i) Reactive Power
 - ii) Apparent Power
 - b) Compare series and Parallel Resonance on the basis of
 - i) Equation for Resonant Frequency
 - ii) Impedance
 - iii) Current
 - iv) Magnification
 - c) Derive expression for transformation of delta into star network.
 - d) State Norton's Theorem also draw its equivalent circuit.
- 4. Attempt any THREE of the following:** **12**
- a) A series RC circuit consists of $R = 10 \Omega$ $C = 200 \mu\text{F}$. It is connected across 250 V, 50 Hz, 1 ϕ AC supply. Calculate
 - i) Capacitive Reactance
 - ii) Impedance
 - iii) Total current
 - iv) Power factor

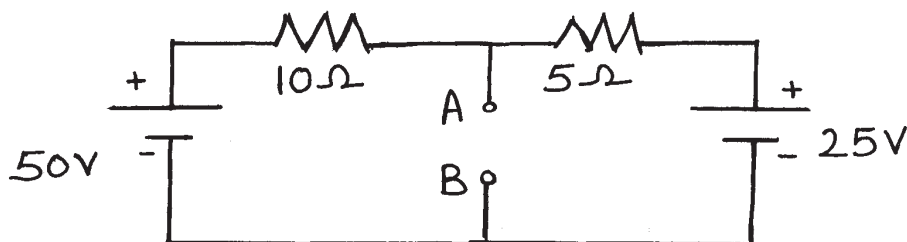
- b) Determine equivalent impedance and total current for the circuit shown in Fig. No. 1.



- c) A Parallel Resonant Circuit has $R = 10\Omega$, $L = 0.1\text{H}$, $C = 10\mu\text{F}$. Calculate the Resonant frequency. Draw the circuit diagram if it is connected to 10V.
- d) Calculate the current in 4Ω resistor using Mesh Analysis for the circuit shown in Fig. No. 2.



- e) Find Thevenin's equivalent circuit across terminals AB for the circuit shown in Fig. No. 3.



5. Attempt any TWO of the following:

12

- a) A Series Resonant Circuit consists of $R = 10\Omega$, $L = 0.1\text{H}$ and $C = 50\mu\text{F}$. It is connected to 100 V, 50 Hz AC supply. Calculate the following :
- Resonant Frequency
 - Q factor of circuit
 - Current at resonance
- b) Using Super Position theorem calculate current through impedance $3 + j4$ for the circuit shown in Fig. No. 4.

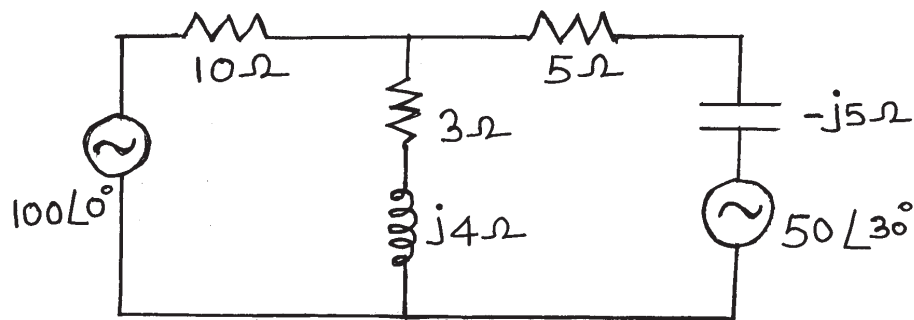


Fig. No. 4

- c) Explain ABCD parameters also write its two applications.

6. Attempt any TWO of the following:

12

- a) Using Nodal analysis calculate current in each branch of the network as shown in Fig. No. 5.

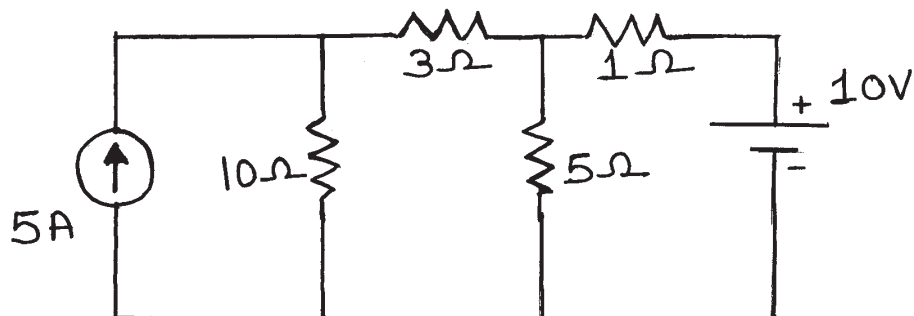


Fig. No. 5

- b) Determine Maximum Power delivered to the load in the circuit shown in Fig. No. 6.

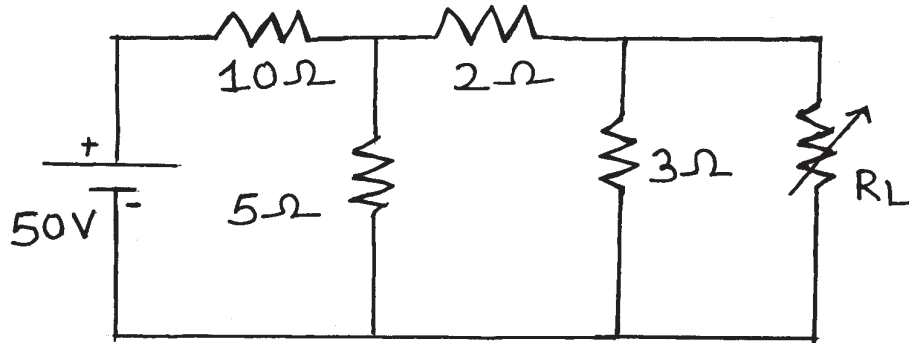


Fig. No. 6

- c) Calculate Z parameters for the network shown in Fig. No. 7.

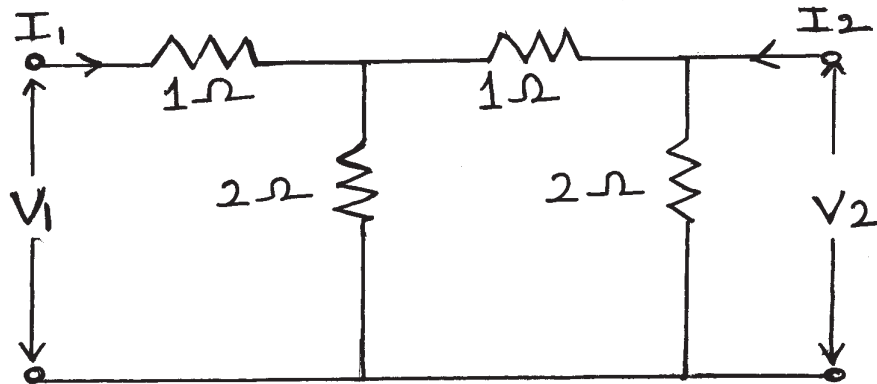


Fig. No. 7