# 24225 3 Hours / 70 Marks

Seat No.								
----------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

#### Instructions:

- (1) All Questions are *compulsory*.
- (2) Answer each next main Question on a new page.
- (3) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
- (4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- (5) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
- (6) Use of Non-programmable Electronic Pocket Calculator is permissible.
- (7) Mobile Phone, Pager and any other Electronic Communication devices are not permissible in Examination Hall.
- (8) Use of steam tables, logarithmic, Mollier's chart is permitted.
- (9) Use of psychrometric chart is allowed.

Marks

# 1. Attempt any FIVE of the following:

10

- (a) Define:
  - (i) Swept volume
  - (ii) Compression ratio
- (b) Classify the air conditioning system.
- (c) State the function of catalytic converter.
- (d) Define:
  - (i) Free Air Delivery (FAD)
  - (ii) Volumetric efficiency related to air compressor



[1 of 4] P.T.O.

22562 [2 of 4]

- (e) Classify the gas turbine on the basis of
  - (i) Combustion process
  - (ii) Path of working substance
- (f) List the different solid propellant used in rocket engine.
- (g) List diagnostic tools used in fault finding of MPFI engines.

### 2. Attempt any THREE of the following:

12

- (a) Compare the SI engine with CI engine on following basis:
  - (i) Working cycle
  - (ii) Ignition system
  - (iii) Compression ratio
  - (iv) Applications
- (b) State the effect of 'Air-Fuel Ratio' on Exhaust emission.
- (c) Explain working of two stage reciprocating air compressor with P-V diagram.
- (d) Explain with neat sketch the working of turbojet engine.

## 3. Attempt any THREE of the following:

12

- (a) Draw actual indicator diagram for 4-stroke petrol engine.
- (b) List the method of reducing pollution in diesel engine as per BS6.
- (c) Explain with neat sketch storage type water cooler.
- (d) An engine working on Otto cycle has temperature and pressure at the beginning of compression as 25 °C and 1.4 bar. Find the compression ratio and air standard efficiency of the cycle if the pressure at the end of compression is 10 bar.

**22562** [3 of 4]

#### 4. Attempt any THREE of the following:

12

- (a) Draw inline fuel injection pump. Name different components.
- (b) State the objectives and advantages of supercharging.
- (c) Plot the psychrometric chart and show the following process on it:
  - (i) Sensible heating
  - (ii) Sensible cooling
  - (iii) Heating with humidification
  - (iv) Cooling with dehumidification
- (d) Explain the working of 'Lobe Type Air Compressor' with neat sketch.
- (e) Explain the working of 'Turbo Prop' with neat sketch.

# 5. Attempt any TWO of the following:

12

(a) Following observations were recorded during a trial on single cylinder four stroke oil engine.

Cylinder bore = 15 cm

Length of stroke = 25 cm

Mean effective pressure = 7.35 bar

Engine speed = 400 rpm

Brake torque = 225 N-m

Fuel consumption = 3 kg/hr

Calorific value of fuel = 44200 kJ/kg

Determine:

- (i) Mechanical efficiency
- (ii) Brake thermal efficiency
- (iii) Brake specific fuel consumption

**22562** [4 of 4]

(b) Single acting two stage air compressor with complete intercooling delivers 6 kg/min of air at 16 bar. Assuming an intake at 1 bar and 15 °C. Compression has index n = 1.3.

#### Calculate:

- (i) Power required to drive the compressor.
- (ii) Isothermal efficiency
- (iii) Free Air Delivered
- (c) Refrigeration system works on VCR system. Enthalpies at various points are given below:

Compressor Inlet = 1460 kJ/kg

Compressor Outlet = 1796 kJ/kg

Inlet to expansion valve = 322 kJ/kg

The refrigerant is superheated by 15 °C before it enters the compressor and sub-cooled by 3 °C before expansion. Show the cycle on pH and T-S chart. Find (i) COP (ii) Power required for 1 kg of refrigerant circulated/min.

# 6. Attempt any TWO of the following:

- (a) An IC engine uses 6 kg of fuel per hour having CV of 43,000 kJ/kg. The brake power developed is 21 kW. The temperature rise of cooling water is 23 °C. When the rate of flow is 11 kg/min. the temperature rise of Exhaust gas is 250 °C, when rate of flow of Exhaust gases is 4.6 kg/min. specific heat of water and exhaust gas are 4.187 kJ/kg k and 1 kJ/kg k respectively. Prepare heat balance sheet on minute basis.
- (b) State the methods to improve efficiency of air compressor. Explain working of two stage air compressor with perfect intercooling with the help of P-V diagram.
- (c) Atmospheric air at a dry bulb temperature of 16 °C and 30% relative humidity passes through a furnace and then through a humidifier, in such a way that the final dry bulb temperature is 30 °C and 50% relative humidity. Plot the process on psychrometric chart and find:
  - (i) Heat added to the air
  - (ii) Moisture added to the air
  - (iii) Sensible heat factor of the process.

12