

# 22502

**24225**

**4 Hours / 70 Marks**

Seat No. 

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- Instructions* – (1) All Questions are *Compulsory*.  
(2) Answer each next main Question on a new page.  
(3) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.  
(4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.  
(5) Assume suitable data, if necessary.  
(6) Use of Non-programmable Electronic Pocket Calculator is permissible.  
(7) Mobile Phone, Pager and any other Electronic Communication devices are not permissible in Examination Hall.

**Marks**

- 1. Attempt any FIVE of the following :** **10**
- a) State the loads acting on steel structures as per IS 875-1987 part I to IV.
  - b) State the components of steel water tank.
  - c) Write the function of steel chimney.
  - d) State types and sketch any one bolted joint.
  - e) Define :
    - i) Nominal and
    - ii) Maximum shear stress in RCC.
  - f) State the functions of distribution steel in RCC slab.
  - g) State the necessity of lateral ties in RCC columns.

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- 2. Attempt any THREE of the following :** **12**
- a) Enlist any four components with their functions for Gantry Girder.
  - b) State various forms of shear reinforcements in beams and draw sketches any - 3.
  - c) Calculate shear resisted by two bent up bars of 20 mm dia. for Fe415,  $\alpha = 45^\circ$ .
  - d) Find development length of 16 mm dia. bar in tension and compression take  $\tau_{bd} = 1.2$  MPa, Fe500.
- 3. Attempt any TWO of the following :** **12**
- a) i) Differentiate between balanced, over and under-reinforced section w.r. to Definition, strain, and depth of neutral axis.  
ii) Draw stress block diagram for singly reinforced section.
  - b) Calculate values of  $X_{u\max}$ ,  $M_{u\max}$  and limiting value of percentage of steel for beam, take M25, Fe415.
  - c) Find moment of resistance for 300 mm  $\times$  500 mm effective beam section. If 6 bars of 12 mm dia. used. M20, Fe500.
- 4. Attempt any TWO of the following :** **12**
- a) State any 3 advantages and disadvantages of –
    - i) Bolted Joints
    - ii) Welded Joints
  - b) Design lap joint for 2-plates of size 100  $\times$  8 mm to transmit 100 KN factored load using single row of 16 mm dia. 4.6 grade bolts and plates 410 grade.
  - c) Design suitable fillet weld for ISA. 80  $\times$  50  $\times$  8 mm with its longer leg connected to gusset plate of 8 mm thick. Take factored load = 300 KN.  $C_{xx} = 27.3$  mm. Assume weld applied to all three edges and shop weld.

**5. Attempt any TWO of the following :****12**

- a) Design a one - way slab of 3.3 m effective span. Take MF = 1.2, M20, Fe415 Live load = 3 KN/m<sup>2</sup>, FF = 1 KN/m<sup>2</sup>.
- b) Design cantilever slab for 1.2 m effective span, LL = 2 KN/m<sup>2</sup>, FF = 1 KN/m<sup>2</sup>, MF = 1.5, M20, Fe250.
- c) Design two way slab for 3.0 × 4.5 m room simply supported by 230 mm thick walls on four sides. Use MF = 1.4, LL = 2 KN/m<sup>2</sup>, FF = 0.5 KN/m<sup>2</sup>, M20 Fe415 grades.

$L_y / L_x = \alpha$	1.4	1.5
$\alpha_x$	0.99	0.104
$\alpha_y$	0.051	0.046

**6. Attempt any TWO of the following :****12**

- a) Design rectangular column for data :  
Factored load = 3500 KN, unsupported length = L = 4.0 m, M20, Fe415, 1% steel.
- b) i) Calculate load carrying capacity of 400 mm<sup>2</sup> square column using 1% steel for M20 and Fe415 grades.  
ii) Enlist types of BCC footing and sketch any one.
- c) Design RCC column footing with data :  
Column size : 400 × 400 mm  
Safe bearing capacity = 200 KN/m<sup>2</sup>  
Load on column = 1200 KN  
M-20 Fe415 calculate depth of footing as using any one criteria.  
No other checks required.

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