313311

24225

4 Hours / 70 Marks

Seat No.				

- Instructions (1) All Questions are Compulsory.
 - (2) Answer each next main Question on a new page.
 - (3) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
 - (4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - (5) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
 - (6) Use of Non-programmable Electronic Pocket Calculator is permissible.
 - (7) Mobile Phone, Pager and any other Electronic Communication devices are not permissible in Examination Hall.

Marks

1. Attempt any FIVE of the following:

10

- Draw the conventional representation of the following:
 - i) Long Break in pipe
 - I-section pipe. ii)
- Draw the conventional representations of following:
 - i) Bearings
 - Holes on circular pitch.
- Draw the conventional representations of following machine components:
 - i) Bevel Gear
 - Spur Gear ii)
- Define "Taper". Draw its standard convention.

- Draw the actual view and conventional representation of:
 - i) Internal Screw thread
 - Semi-elliptic leaf spring. ii)
- Draw a sketch showing basic size, lower deviation, upper deviation and tolerance.
- State the meaning of the symbol shown in Figure No. 1.

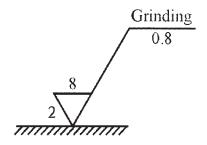


Fig. No. 1

Attempt any ONE of the following: 2.

8

a) Figure No. 2 shows front view, incomplete top view and partial auxiliary view of an object. Redraw the given views and complete the top view (use first angle method of projection.)

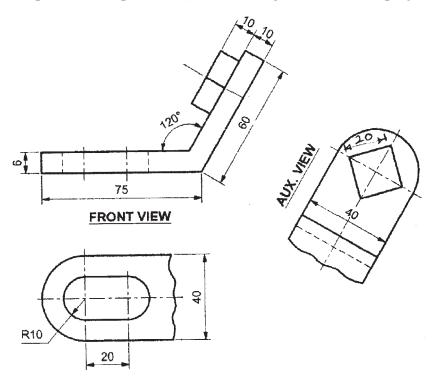
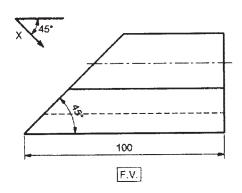


Fig. No. 2

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Marks

b) Figure No. 3 shows front view and left hand side view of an object. Draw the given views and project an auxiliary top view looking in the direction of X.



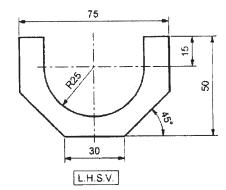


Fig. No. 3

3. Attempt any <u>FIVE</u> of the following:

20

- a) Draw conventional representation of any four of the following:
 - i) Glass
 - ii) Pipe or tubing
 - iii) Cast iron
 - iv) Splined shaft
 - v) Globe valve
 - vi) Counter sunk
- b) Draw a sketch to represent taper 1:20 on a shaft of φ40mm and length 120mm.
- c) Draw the symbols for the any two of following:
 - i) Single V butt weld
 - ii) Seam weld
 - iii) Spot weld
 - iv) Fillet weld with convex finish.

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Marks

- d) Draw the symbols of following features which are controlled in geometrical tolerance.
 - i) Symmetry
 - ii) Angularity
 - iii) Concentricity
 - iv) Flatness.
- e) Two mild steel plants of 8 mm thickness are to be welded to have a lap joint by a fillet weld of leg length 8 mm. Represent the weld on drawing with proper symbol.
- f) What is the meaning of symbol at x and y as shown in Figure No. 4.

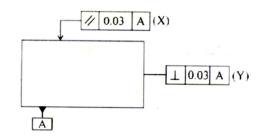


Fig. No. 4

g) The shaft is given as $\phi 20^{+0.023}_{+0.012}$ and hole size is $\phi 20^{+0.018}_{+0.000}$ Determine the types of fit between them.

4. Attempt the following:

16

Figure No. 5 shows sectional F.V. and S.V. of the assembly of 'OLDHAM'S COUPLING'. Draw the following details by using first angle method:

- i) Flange: Front view and S.V.
- ii) Central disc: Front view and S.V.
- iii) Shaft: Front view and S.V.
- iv) Key: F.V., T.V and S.V.

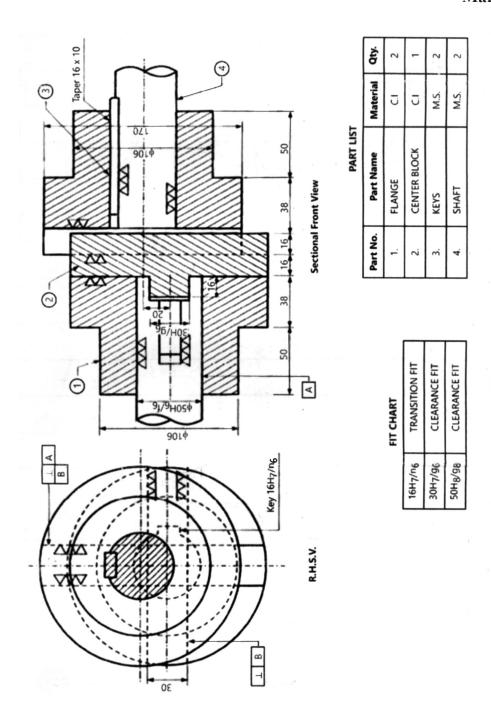


Fig. No. 5: Oldham's coupling

5. Attempt any ONE of the following:

16

- a) Figure No. 6 shows the details of 'FOOT STEP BEARING'. Draw the following views of the assembly:
 - i) Section Front view
 - ii) Top view

Use suitable scale

Give overall dimension. Show assembly fits.

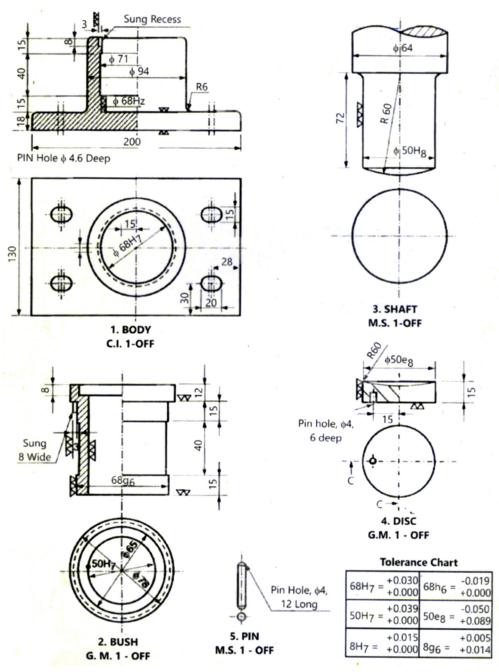


Fig. No. 6: Details of foot step bearing

- Marks
- b) Figure No. 7 shows the details of 'LATHE TOOL POST'. Draw the following views of the assembly:
 - i) Sectional front view
 - Top view ii)
 - Prepare bill of material. Indicate types of fit. iii)

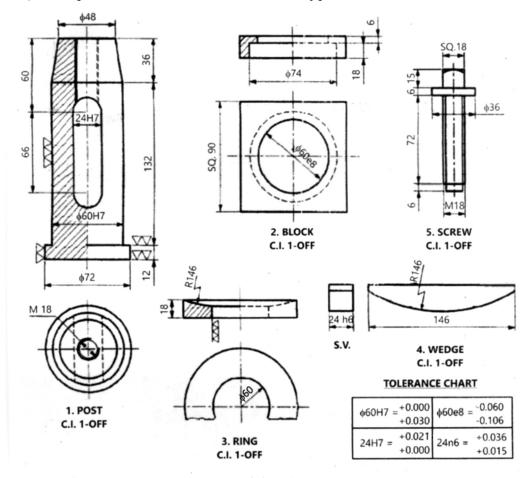


Fig. No. 7: Lathe tool post