312301

24225

3 Hours / 70 Marks

Seat No.

Instructions – (

- (1) All Questions are Compulsory.
- (2) Answer each next main Question on a new page.
- (3) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
- (4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- (5) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
- (6) Use of Non-programmable Electronic Pocket Calculator is permissible.
- (7) Mobile Phone, Pager and any other Electronic Communication devices are not permissible in Examination Hall.

Marks

1. Solve any <u>FIVE</u> of the following:

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- a) Evaluate : $\int \sqrt{1 + \cos 2x} \, dx$
- b) Evaluate : $\int \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \cos x\right) dx$
- c) Evaluate : $\int_{2}^{4} \frac{dx}{2x+3}$
- d) Find the order and degree of differential equation

$$\sqrt[3]{\frac{\mathrm{d}^2 y}{\mathrm{d}x^2}} = \sqrt{\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x}}$$

e) Find the approximate root of $x^3 - x - 1 = 0$ by using Bisection method. (One Iteration only)

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Marks

- f) Show that the root of $x^3 4x 9 = 0$ lies in the interval (2, 3)
- g) An unbiased coin tossed 5 times. Find the probability of getting three heads.

2. Solve any THREE of the following:

12

- a) Evaluate : $\int \frac{e^x(x+1)}{\cos(x.e^x)} dx$
- b) Evaluate : $\int \frac{1}{x^2 + 3x + 2} dx$
- c) Evaluate : $\int \frac{dx}{5 4\cos x}$
- d) Evaluate : $\int \frac{e^x}{(e^x 1)(e^x + 1)} dx$

3. Solve any THREE of the following:

12

- a) Evaluate : $\int \tan^{-1} x \, dx$
- b) Evaluate : $\int_{0}^{\pi/2} \frac{\cos x}{\cos x + \sin x} dx$
- c) Form a differential equation if $y = Ae^{2x} + Be^{-2x}$.
- d) Using Newton Raphson Method. Find approximate root of the equation $x^3 4x + 1 = 0$ (Three iterations only)

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4.	Solve	anv	THREE	of	the	following:

- 12
- a) Find the root of the equation $x^3 6x + 3 = 0$ using Bisection Method (Three iterations only)
- b) Solve the following equation by Jacobi's iteration Method 10x + y + 2z = 13, 3x + 10y + z = 14, 2x + 3y + 10z = 15
- c) Solve the following system of equation by Gauss-seidal Method 20x y + 2z = 17, 3x + 20y z = -18, 2x 3y + 20z = 25.
- d) If 20% of the bolts produced by a machine are defective. Find the probability that out of 4 bolts drawn
 - i) One is defective
 - ii) At most two are defective
- e) If a random variable has a poisson distribution such that P(2) = P(3) Find P(5).

5. Solve any TWO of the following:

12

- a) i) Evaluate : $\int \frac{dx}{3 2\sin^2 x}$
 - ii) Evaluate : $\int \frac{(x+1)}{(x-1)^2} dx$
- b) i) Evaluate : $\int_{2}^{5} \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{7-x} + \sqrt{x}} dx$
 - ii) Evaluate : $\int_{0}^{4} \frac{\sqrt[3]{x+5}}{\sqrt[3]{x+5} + \sqrt[3]{9-x}} dx$
- c) i) Evaluate : $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \log(\tan x) dx$
 - ii) Evaluate : $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin x \cdot \cos x \, dx$

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6. Solve any TWO of the following:

a) i) Solve:
$$(1 + x^2) dy - (1 + y^2) dx = 0$$

ii) Solve:
$$(x^2 + 6xy - y^2) dx + (3x^2 - 2xy + y^2) dy = 0$$

b) i) Solve:
$$\frac{dy}{dx} + y \tan x = \cos^2 x$$

ii) Verify that
$$y = \cos x$$
 is a solution of $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y = 0$

- c) A factory manufactured 2000 electric bulbs with average life 2040 hours and S.D. of 60 hours. Assuming normal distribution find number of bulbs having life.
 - i) more than 2150 hours.
 - ii) less than 1960 hours.

Given
$$A(1.83) = 0.4667$$

$$A(1.33) = 0.4082$$