## 17431

## 21819

3 Hours / 100 Marks
Seat No. $\square$

Instructions - (1) All Questions are Compulsory.
(2) Answer each next main Question on a new page.
(3) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
(4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
(5) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
(6) Use of Non-programmable Electronic Pocket Calculator is permissible.
(7) Mobile Phone, Pager and any other Electronic Communication devices are not permissible in Examination Hall.

## Marks

1. a) Attempt any SIX of the following:
(i) List the general purpose register in 8085 micro processor.
(ii) State number of data lines and number of address lines used in 8086 microprocessor.
(iii) List any four addressing mode of 8086 microprocessor
(iv) Define flowchart and algorithm.
(v) State the use of following pin of 8085:
1) HOLD
2) ALE
(vi) List the names of segment register of 8086.
(vii) Give any two difference between NEAR and FAR procedure.
(viii) Write instruction of 8086 microprocesor to:
3) Subtract 50 H from the content of AX register.
4) Rotate the content of AX towards right by 2 bit position.
b) Attempt any TWO of the following:

8
(i) State function of:

1) Editor
2) Assembler
3) Linker
4) Debugger
(ii) Describe the function of following directives:
5) DD
6) ASSUME
7) ORG
8) INCLUDE
(iii) Write an assembly program using recursive procedure to find factorial of a number.
2. Attempt any FOUR of the following: 16
a) Enlist interrupt pins of 8085 microprocessor with its function.
b) State any eight features of 8086 microprocessor.
c) Describe memory segmentation in 8086 microprocessor. Give any two advantages of segmentation.
d) Draw the detailed architecture of 8085 .
e) Write 8086 instruction for following:
(i) Multiply AL by 4 using shift rotation.
(ii) Move 1234 H into DS register.
f) Calculate physical address in following cases:
(i) $\mathrm{CS}=79 \mathrm{FB} \mathrm{H}$ and $\mathrm{IP}=8437 \mathrm{H}$
(ii) DS : $1 \mathrm{FABH}, \mathrm{BY}: 1 \mathrm{~A} 77 \mathrm{H}$ for MOV AX, (BX)
3. Attempt any FOUR of the following:
a) Explain any two string instruction with example.
b) Draw and explain bus interface unit of 8086 microprocessor.
c) Draw the interfacing of 8288 Bus controller with 8086. List and explain interfacing signal.
d) Explain function of following instruction with one example.
(i) XLAT
(ii) LAHF
e) Write an assembly language program to find string length of a given string.
f) Draw flag register format of 8086. Explain trap and overflow flag.
4. Attempt any FOUR of the following: 16
a) Differentiate between following instruction:
(i) AAA, AAM
(ii) Pop, Pop f
(iii) LDS, LES
(iv) ROL, RCL
b) State the function of process control instruction:
(i) STC
(ii) CMC
(iii) STD
(iv) CLD
c) Write an assembly language program to mask the lower nibble of 8 bit number.
d) Write an assembly language program to transfer block of 10 number from source ie. 2000 H to destination 3000 H (No overlapped block transfer).
e) Write an assembly language program to add two 8 bit BCD numbers.
f) Write an assembly language program to find largest number among block of data using macro.
5. Attempt any FOUR of the following:
a) Write an assembly language program to reverse string computer programming for 8086.
b) Write an assembly language program to multiply two 16 bit numbers.
c) Write an assembly language program to sort an array of 10 numbers in desending order.
d) Explain any four rotation instruction with example.
e) Explain re-entrant procedure with help of schematic diagram.
f) Write differences between procedure and MACRO.
6. Attempt any TWO of the following: 16
a) With neat diagram, describe minimum mode operation of 8086. List signals of maximum mode of 8086.
b) Write an assembly language program to count even number in an array of five 16-bit number. Also draw the flowchart for the same.
c) Write an assembly language program to add series of 5 number i.e. 8 bit using FAR procedure. Also draws the flowchart for the same.
