

22428

11920

3 Hours / 70 Marks

Seat No.

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- Instructions :**
- (1) All Questions are *compulsory*.
 - (2) Answer each next main Question on a new page.
 - (3) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
 - (4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - (5) Use of Non-programmable Electronic Pocket Calculator is permissible.

Marks

1. **Attempt any FIVE of the following :** **5 × 2 = 10**
 - (a) Define (i) Bit rate (ii) Baud rate
 - (b) State the Hartley's law with mathematical expression.
 - (c) State sampling theorem. Define Nyquist rate.
 - (d) Classify the modulation techniques.
 - (e) State two advantages of WDM technique.
 - (f) List the various multiple access techniques.
 - (g) Define the concept of spread spectrum.

2. **Attempt any THREE of the following :** **3 × 4 = 12**
 - (a) State the advantages and disadvantages of digital communication system.
 - (b) Draw the block diagram of DM transmitter. Explain each block in detail.
 - (c) Explain flat top sampling with circuit diagram. Draw flat top sampled signal.
 - (d) Describe amplitude shift keying (ASK) modulation with suitable circuit diagram.

3. **Attempt any THREE of the following :** **3 × 4 = 12**
 - (a) Draw the block diagram of digital communication system. Explain the function of source encoder and channel encoder.

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- (b) Explain DPCM with block diagram.
- (c) Distinguish between TDMA and CDMA (any four points).
- (d) Compare FDM & TDM systems (any four points).

4. Attempt any THREE of the following :

3 × 4 = 12

- (a) State the Shannon Hartley's theorem for channel capacity. Explain the effect of S/N ratio and bandwidth on channel capacity.
- (b) Describe PCM transmitter with block diagram.
- (c) Describe North American (T-carrier) digital multiplexing hierarchy with neat diagram.
- (d) Explain direct sequence spread spectrum (DSSS) transmitter with block diagram.
- (e) Construct the Hamming code for the data 1010 with odd parity.

5. Attempt any TWO of the following :

2 × 6 = 12

- (a) A discrete memoryless source has an alphabet of seven symbols with probabilities for its output given in the following table :

Symbol	S_0	S_1	S_2	S_3	S_4	S_5	S_6
Probability	0.25	0.25	0.125	0.125	0.125	0.0625	0.0625

Compute :

- (i) Huffman code for the above source.
- (ii) The coding efficiency of the designed Huffman code.
- (b) Compare binary ASK, FSK & PSK modulation techniques (any six points).
- (c) "Adaptive Delta modulation reduces slope overload distortion and granular noise present in Delta modulation". Justify the above statement regarding ADM.

6. Attempt any TWO of the following :

2 × 6 = 12

- (a) Explain QPSK transmitter with block diagram its constellation diagram.
 - (b) Distinguish between m-ary PSK & m-ary FSK techniques. (Any six points)
 - (c) Explain fast frequency hopping technique with suitable waveforms. State its advantages and disadvantages.
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