11920 3 Hours / 70 Marks

Seat No.						
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Instructions:

- (1) All Questions are *compulsory*.
- (2) Answer each next main Question on a new page.
- (3) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
- (4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- (5) Use of Non-programmable Electronic Pocket Calculator is permissible.
- (6) Mobile Phone, Pager and any other Electronic Communication devices are not permissible in Examination Hall.

Marks

1. Attempt any FIVE:

 $5 \times 2 = 10$

- (a) Define Noise. Name the sources of noise.
- (b) Name any four digital to analog modulation techniques.
- (c) Give the classification of network based on geographical area.
- (d) Name two optical source and two optical detectors.
- (e) State two specifications of IEEE 802.3.
- (f) State the advantages of client server model.
- (g) State two features of Devicenet.

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2. Attempt any THREE:

 $3 \times 4 = 12$

- (a) State the need for modulation.
- (b) Define Multiplexing. State the need for multiplexing.
- (c) Define Bandwidth with reference to analog system and digital systems. State the unit in the two systems.
- (d) Draw a sketch of the layered architecture of TCP/IP model. State the function of each layer.

3. Attempt any THREE:

 $3 \times 4 = 12$

- (a) Encode the data sequence 1110101101 using unipolar NRZ, unipolar RZ, polar NRZ and polar RZ encoding schemes.
- (b) State the function of Hubs, repeater, router and gateway.
- (c) Compare LAN and WAN on the basis of
 - (i) Area covered

(ii) Bandwidth

(iii) Data rate

- (iv) Congestion
- (d) Draw the sketch of Bus topology and explain. State one advantage and one disadvantage.

4. Attempt any THREE:

 $3 \times 4 = 12$

- (a) Explain Acceptance angle and Numerical aperture in a fibre optic cable.
- (b) Describe Profibus protocol. State the function of various layers.

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- (c) Draw the 9 pin configuration of RS232 standard. State the function of the pins.
- (d) State the features of HART networks.
- (e) State the application of each of the following connectors.
 - (i) RJ 45

(ii) BNC – T

(iii) MT – RJ

(iv) ST

5. Attempt any TWO:

 $2 \times 6 = 12$

- (a) Draw ASK, FSK and BPSK waveforms for the data sequence 10110010.
- (b) Draw the layered architecture of the OSI reference model and state the function of Physical and Transport layer.
- (c) With a neat sketch, explain the working of P-i-N-Photo diode. Compare P-i-N photo diode and Avalanche photo diode.

6. Attempt any TWO:

 $2 \times 6 = 12$

- (a) Draw the basic block diagram of communication system. State the fucntion of each block.
- (b) Develop the Devicenet network for 6 nodes.
- (c) Describe with sketch foundation field bus protocol architecture.

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