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Seat No.				

Instructions: (1) All questions are compulsory.

- (2) Illustrate your answers with **neat** sketches **wherever** necessary.
- (3) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.
- (4) Assume suitable data, if necessary.

MARKS

1. A) Answer any three of the following:

 $(3 \times 4 = 12)$

- State the principle of EDM. With a neat sketch explain the process of metal removal.
- ii) Give any four appplications of PAM.
- iii) Compare closed loop CNC system with open loop CNC system.
- iv) Define part program. Explain the terms 'preparatory functions' and 'miscellaneous functions' in the context of CNC programming.
- B) Answer **any one** of the following:

 $(1 \times 6 = 6)$

- i) What are non-traditional machining processes? Compare traditional and non-traditional machining processes.
- ii) What is lasing action? Differentiate between EDM and LBM processes.



MARKS

2. Answer any four of the following:

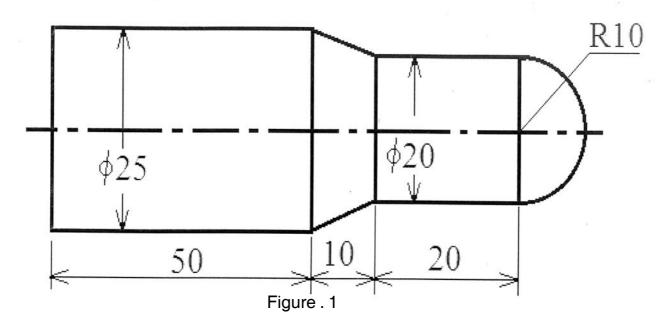
 $(4 \times 4 = 16)$

- i) What are the advantages of CNC machines?
- ii) How are linear and rotary axes identified in CNC machines?
- iii) Give the classification of broaching machines.
- iv) Compare capstan and turret lathes.
- v) Explain the construction of planomiller.

3. Answer any two of the following:

 $(2 \times 8 = 16)$

- i) Describe the working principle of AJM. State the advantages, limitations and applications of AJM.
- ii) Prepare a part program to machine the workpiece shown in figure 1 on CNC lathe machine.



iii) Explain the cutting parameters in milling. How is the machining time calculated on a milling machine?

MARKS

4. A) Answer any three of the following:

 $(3 \times 4 = 12)$

- i) Differentiate between pull broach and push broach.
- ii) Draw a neat labelled sketch of horizontal broaching machine.
- iii) Give the specifications of horizontal boring machine.
- iv) Explain with sketches 'up milling' and 'down milling'.
- B) Answer any one of the following:

 $(1 \times 6 = 6)$

- i) Write the importance of maintenance. Differentiate between breakdown maintenance and preventive maintenance.
- ii) What are precision grinders? Explain with a neat sketch the working of centerless grinding machine.
- 5. Answer any four of the following:

 $(4 \times 4 = 16)$

- i) Give the maintenance practice for bearings and chains of a machine.
- ii) What is maintenance record? What are contents of maintenance record?
- iii) Explain repair complexity.
- iv) How grinding wheel is designated?
- v) What are safety precautions to be observed while using grinding machines?
- vi) Differentiate between honing and lapping (at least four points).

MARKS

6. Answer any four of the following:

 $(4 \times 4 = 16)$

- i) What is burnishing? What are its advantages?
- ii) Describe the construction and working of plain milling machine with a neat sketch.
- iii) What are the different methods of manufacturing gears?
- iv) Explain gear hobbing process with a neat sketch.
- v) Why gear shaving process is employed? Explain the process.
- vi) What is the function of dividing head? Sketch the internal mechanism of universal dividing head.
