2 3	222. Ho	3 ours	/ 7	<b>'0</b>	Marks	Seat	No.							
Instructions – (				1)	All Questions are Compulsory.									
			(	2)	Answer each	next main	Quest	ion o	on a	a ne	W	pag	e.	
			(	(3)	Illustrate your necessary.	answers	with n	eat s	ketc	hes	wł	nere	ever	
			(	4)	Figures to the	e right ind	icate f	ull n	nark	s.				
			(	5)	Assume suital	ole data, if	f neces	sary.						
			(	6)	Use of Non-p Calculator is	programmal	ole Ele e.	ectror	nic ]	Pocl	ket			
			(	(7)	Mobile Phone Communicatio Examination I	, Pager an on devices Hall.	d any are no	othe ot pe	r E rmis	lect sibl	roni e i	ic n		
													Ma	rks
1.		Atten	npt a	ny	<b><u>FIVE</u></b> of the	following	:							10
	a)	State importance of estimating.												
	b)	Describe 'process costing' in brief.												
	c)	) Define:												
		i)	Direc	t o	verheads									
		ii)	Indire	ect	overheads									
	d)	Briefly describe customer based pricing.												
	e)	Defin	e dep	orec	iation.									
	f)	State meaning of terms 'pouring time' and 'pouring rate.'												
	g)	State	elem	ents	s of 'Balance	Sheet.'								

12

12

- 2. Attempt any <u>THREE</u> of the following:
  - a) Enlist aims of Costing.
  - b) Describe steps in estimation procedure.
  - c) Draw a neat and labelled diagram of Break even chart. Indicate all important elements in it.

[2]

d) Describe method of making pricing decision.

## 3. Attempt any <u>THREE</u> of the following:

- a) An asset is purchased at initial cost of Rs. 24,000/-. The depreciable life of that asset is 5 years and expected salvage value is Rs. 3,000/-. Using declining balance method, prepare a table showing depreciation accumulated depreciation and book value of asset at end of every year in useful life of asset.
- b) Summarise reasons for addition of unnecessary costs in the product.
- c) Derive formula to calculate time required for cutting in turning operation on lathe.
- d) A keyway is cut on a shaft using end mill cutter, on milling machine. Enlist data necessary to find time required for this cutting operation.

# 4. Attempt any <u>THREE</u> of the following:

- a) Analyse value of following things:
  - i) Bonnet of car
  - ii) Bench Grinder
  - iii) Door Knob
  - iv) Screw Driver
- b) A hole is cut on a metal sheet using EDM Process. Enlist data required to find time required.
- c) Find time required to drill a hole using drilling machine; on a workpiece having thickness = 50 mm. The diameter of hole is 18 mm. Assume cutting speed = 12 m/min. and feed = 0.2 mm/revolution. Neglect length of approach.
- d) Describe following:
  - i) Pay back period
  - ii) Net Present Value
- e) Differentiate between 'Value Analysis' and 'Value Engineering.'

12

12

# 5. Attempt any <u>TWO</u> of the following: a) The monthly expenses incurred on manufacturing 50 no. of products in XYZ manufacturing Company are as following: Direct material cost → Rs. 3,15,000/- Direct labour cost → Rs. 2,50,000/- Direct expenses → Rs. 1,35,000/- Manufacturing expenses = 50% of direct labour cost. Administration expenses = 7% of prime cost. Selling expenses = 10% of prime cost. Profit - 12.5% of cost of sales. Calculate selling price of single product. b) Describe procedure of evaluation of project report on basis

- of different parameters.c) Two 1 m. long M.S. plates of 8 mm thickness are to be welded by a lap joint with a 6 mm. electrode. Calculate the cost of
  - welding. Assume following data:
  - i) Current used = 250 Amp.
  - ii) Voltage = 30 V
  - iii) Welding speed = 8 m/hr.
  - iv) Electrode used = 0.1 kg/m. of welding.
  - v) Labour charges = Rs. 2.5 / hour.
  - vi) Power charges = Rs. 0.4 / kwh.
  - vii) Cost of electrode = Rs. 40 / kg.
  - viii) Efficiency of machine = 60%.

# 6. Attempt any <u>TWO</u> of the following:

a) Following data is available for ABC & Co.

F.Y.	Sales (Lakhs Rs.)	Profit (Lakhs Rs.)
2017-18	92.60	14.26
2018-19	98.20	23.90

- i) Find P/V ratio.
- ii) Break even sales.
- iii) Sales to earn profit of Rs. 30 lakhs / year.
- iv) Margin of safety in year. (2018-19)
- b) Describe reasons of replacement of equipment with justification.
- c) A sum of Rs. 1 lakh is lent to 'X Bank' with simple interest of 8% for 5 years. Another sum of Rs. 1 lakh is lent to 'Y Bank' with 7% interest for 5 years. The interest in Y Bank is compounded semi annually. At end of 5 years, which bank will give more interest or interest will be same in both options? Justify your answer by calculating interests.