

22492

22223

3 Hours / 70 Marks

Seat No.

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- Instructions* –
- (1) All Questions are *Compulsory*.
 - (2) Answer each next main Question on a new page.
 - (3) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
 - (4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - (5) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
 - (6) Use of Non-programmable Electronic Pocket Calculator is permissible.
 - (7) Mobile Phone, Pager and any other Electronic Communication devices are not permissible in Examination Hall.

Marks

1. Attempt any FIVE of the following: 10

- a) State any two advantages of network models.
- b) Two fair dice one rolled. Determine the probability of getting
 - i) Two six
 - ii) One six
- c) A fair coin is tossed five times, find probability of obtaining
 - i) Two heads
 - ii) At most two heads
- d) Find the line of regression of X and Y for the following data
n = 8
$$\sum(x_i - \bar{x})^2 = 36, \sum(y_i - \bar{y})^2 = 44$$
$$\sum(x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y}) = 24$$

P.T.O.

- e) Verify whether the following function can be regarded as the p.m.f. for the given value of X.

$$P(X = x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2}{5} & x = 0, 1, 2 \\ 0 & \text{Otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- f) If $X \sim N(4, 25)$ then find $P(x \leq 4)$.
- g) If $\sum d^2 = 66$ and $n = 10$ then find the rank correlation coefficient.

2. Attempt any FOUR of the following:

12

- a) Two digits numbers are to be made using the digit 3, 5, 6 and 8 without repetition of digits. Find the probability of the following events.
- The number is odd
 - The number is divisible by 9.
- b) If A and B are two event such that $P(A) = \frac{1}{4}$, $P(B) = \frac{1}{2}$ and $P(A \cap B) = \frac{1}{8}$ then $P(A' \cap B')$
- c) An urn contains 4 red and 7 blue balls, two balls are drawn at random with replacement. Find the probability of getting
- 2 red balls
 - 2 blue balls
 - 1 red and 1 blue ball
- d) The equations of two regression lines are $10x - 4y = 80$ and $10y - 9x = 40$, find
- \bar{x} and \bar{y}
 - b_{xy} and b_{yx}
- e) For bivariate data $\bar{x} = 53$, $\bar{y} = 28$, $b_{yx} = -1.2$, $b_{xy} = -0.3$
- Find correlation coefficient between x and y .
 - Estimate y when $x = 50$

3. Attempt any FOUR of the following:

12

- a) The probability distribution of discrete r.v. of X is as follows:

X = x	1	2	3	4	5	6
P[X = x]	K	2K	3K	4K	5K	6K

- i) Determine the value of K
- ii) Find $P(x \leq 4)$, $P(2 < x < 4)$, $P(x \geq 3)$
- b) A boy tossed a fair coin 3 times. If he gets Rs. 2X for X heads. Find his expected gain.
- c) Obtain expected value of variance of X for the probability distribution.

X	1	2	3	4	5
P(X = x)	0.2	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.2

- i) Find $E(X)$
- ii) Find $E(X)^2$
- iii) Find $\text{var}(X)$
- d) A fair coin is tossed 12 times. Find the probability of getting
- i) Exactly seven heads
- ii) At least two heads
- iii) At most three heads
- e) If X has follows Poisson distribution with parameter $m = 5$, Find
- i) $P(x = 3)$
- ii) $P(x \leq 1)$
- ($\therefore e^{-5} = 0.0671$)

4. Attempt any THREE of the following:

12

- a) State any two similarities and differences of CPM and PERT.
- b) Draw the AON diagram for the following data.

Activity	Immediate predecessor	Duration (week)
A	–	5
B	A	4
C	A	7
D	B	6
W	B, C	6
F	C	5
G	D, E, F	7

- c) Define Float. Explain its different types and their importance.
- d) Draw the network for the project whose activities with their relationship are given below. Activities A, D, E can start simultaneously B, C > A ; G, F > D, C ; H > E, F.
- e) Draw the arrow diagram as well as the AON diagram.

Activity	Immediate predecessor
A	–
B	–
C	–
D	A, B
E	B
F	B, C

5. Attempt any TWO of the following:

12

- a) If the correlation coefficient between x and y is 0.6, covariance is 27 and variance of y is 25. Find the variance of x .
- b) Calculate the coefficient of correlation between x and y series from the following data $n = 15$, $\sum x = 25$, $\sum y = 18$, $\sum 6x = 3.01$, $\sum 6y = 3.03$
 $\sum(x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y}) = 24$
- c) Calculate the correlation coefficient is 0.6 and the sum of squares of difference is 66. Then find the number pairs of observation.
- d) Find the rank correlation coefficient between x and y variables.

x	10	20	35	14	18	21	16
y	13	25	18	19	20	26	27

- e) If the following data one of the value of y is missing. Arithmetic means of 6 and 8 series respectively.

(x)	6	2	10	4	8
(y)	9	11	2	8	7

Estimate missing observation.

6. Attempt any TWO of the following:

12

- a) From the data 7 pairs of observation on X and Y following results are obtained.

$$\sum(x_i - 70) = -38, \quad \sum(y_i - 60) = -5$$

$$\sum(x_i - 70)^2 = 2990, \quad \sum(y_i - 60)^2 = 275$$

$$\sum(x_i - 70) - (y_i - 60) = 1063$$

- i) Obtain the line of regression of Y on X.
- ii) Obtain the line of regression of X on Y.
- iii) Obtain the correlation coefficient between X and Y.

- b) The following tables gives the aptitude tests scores and productivity indices of 10 workers selected at random.
- Obtain the two regression equation and estimate
 - Obtain the line of regression to predict Y for $X = 50$

Aptitude score (X)	60	62	65	70	72	48	53	73	65	82
Productivity index (Y)	68	60	62	80	85	40	52	62	60	81

- c) In partially destroyed laboratory record of an analysis of correlation of data only the following results are legible variance of X = 9 Regression equations are
- $8x - 10y + 66 = 0$
 - $40x - 18y - 214 = 0$

Find out the following missing results

- The means of X and Y
 - The coefficient of correlation between X and Y
 - The standard deviation of Y
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