		omiti . Solar Therman Systems		
1.	The study of various forms of e	nergy and its conversion from one form to another is called .		
	a)Energy technology	b) Energy science		
	c) Energy	d) Power		
	e, hereg			
2.	is the energy obtained fi	rom sources that are essentially inexhaustible.		
	a) Conventional Energy	b) Non-renewable Energy		
	c) Renewable Energy	d) None of these		
	,			
3.	Which of this is (are) a type of S	Solar Collector(s) ?		
	a) Flat plate collector	b) Cylindrical Parabolic		
	c) Paraboloid mirror arrays	d) All of these		
4.	is provided at the bottom of tubing to minimize the heat losses by conduction			
	a) Transparent covers	b) Absorber plate		
	b) Thermal insulation	d) Casing		
~	111			
5.	are provided at the ab	ove of coolant passages for trapping heat received by absorber plate.		
	a) Transparent Cover	b) Absorber plate		
	c) Thermal Insulation	d) Casing		
6	In the solar radiation	s are focused on absorber or collector pipe through which the working flui		
0.	flows			
	a) Point focusing concentrator	b) line focusing collectors		
	a) Non focusing concentrator	d) none of the choice		
	c) Non-focusing conators	d) hole of the above		
7	Which of these is not the advantage of solar water heating system?			
	a) Simple to construct and install			
	b) No or Negligible running cos	f		
	c) It saves time and high-grade	form of electric energy		
	d) Requires sufficient roof space			
	a) requires surround root space			
8.	Main component of solar water	heating system.		
	a) Flat plate collector	b) Hot water storage tank		
	c) Overhead tank	d) All of these		
	·			
9.	The force circulation system is_	which uses a mechanical pump to circulate hot water.		
	a) Passive system	b) Active system		
	c) Open loop system	d) None of these		
10				
10.	is the example of Non-	renewable energy.		
	a) Geothermal energy	b) hydroelectric power		
	c) Nuclear energy	d) None of these		
11	The energy sources which are for	and are stored in nature are called		
11.	a) Quaternary energy source	b) Secondary energy source		
	c) Tertiary energy source	d) Drimary energy source		
	c) remary energy source	u) Filinary energy source		
12.	In system the collection storage and distribution of solar thermal energy is done by natural			
12,	means.			
	a) Active system	b) Passive system		
	c) Both (a) and (b)	d) None of these		
13.	The materials used for insulation should have			
	a) Low thermal conductivity	b) Stability at high temperatures		
	c) Non-corrosive	d) All of these		

Unit1 : Solar Thermal Systems

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- 14. In order to prevent a non-permitted pressure, increase in solar circuit, the installation for a ______ valve is specified.
 - a) Safety valve
 - c) Flow control valve

- b) Drainage valve d) Check valve
- 15. Range of temperature for flat plate collector is a) 100*C to 130*C c) Up to 80*C

b) Up to 400*Cd) 150*C to 300*C

1.	In order to get desired voltage, current and power, so	lar cells are connected in		
	a) Series	h) Parallel		
	c) Both (a) and (b)	d) None of these		
		d) None of these		
2.	Materials of photovoltaics contains			
	a) Conductors	b) Insulators		
	c) Semi-Conductors	d) All of these		
2	have large number of free electrons which are free to mave			
5.	nave large number of free electrons which a	are mee to move.		
	a) Conductors	b) Insulators		
	c) Semi-conductors	d) None of these		
4.	These materials do not have any free electrons and hence they never conduct electricity.			
	a) Conductors	b) Insulators		
	c) Semi-conductors	d) None of these		
5.	are used for storage of the solar energy.			
	a) Photovoltaic Array	b) Inverter		
	c) Energy storage batteries	d) None of these		
6.	Capacity of a battery is the total amount of	energy it can store		
	a) Electronic	b) Solar		
	c) Electrical	d) Chemical		
7.	The voltage output from the PV panels varies dependence	ling upon theof light from sun.		
	a) Intensity	b) Refraction		
	c) Reflection	d) Deflection		
8	Which one of these do not have energy storage?			
0.	a) Direct coupled stand-alone system			
	b)Stand-alone system with battery storage			
	c) Stand alone system with batteries and charge contr	roller		
	d) None of these			
	d) None of these			
9.	is a concept which records the difference of	of unit consumed from utility and the units supplied to		
	the utility by a consumer.			
	a) Light bill	b) Net marketing		
	c) Utility meter	d) None of these		
10				
10.	supplies power independently and continuo	usly without any external source to meet DC and AC		
	loads.			
	a) Off-grid system	b) Stand-alone system		
	c) Grid connected system	d) Both (a) and (b)		
11.	Theaim of balance of system (BOS) is to			
	a) Control and Conduct	b) Protect components		
	c) Distribute power	d) All of these		
12.	Polycrystal silicon cells have efficiency between			
	a) 14% to 19%	b) 10% to 19%		
	c) 11% to 14%	d) None of these		
13.	Monocrystal silicon cells have efficiency between			
	a) 14% to 19%	b) 100% to 100%		
		0) 10% 10 19%		
	c) 11% to 14%	d) None of these		

Unit 2 : Solar Photovoltaic Systems

FOR ANSWER PLEASE REFER TO YOUTUBE CHANNEL-"PROFESSOR NAIR"

- 14. The basic components of Photovoltaic Array are____
 - a) Module b) Solar cell c) Panel d) Array
- 15. Which one of the following is not the application of solar PV system?
 - a) Power supplies
 - c) Water treatment

- b) Power source to satellites
- d) All of these

1	Unit 3 : Wind	Energy Systems		
l.	are caused due to greater solar heat	ating of the earth's surface near the equator as compared to		
	a) planetary winds	b) local winds		
	c) Solar winds	d) None of these		
2.	Wind energy is an form of solar energy.			
	a) Direct	b) Straight		
	c) Indirect	d) Random		
3.	Darrieus type rotors consist of two or three convex blades with cross-section.			
	a) rectangular	b) Aerofoil		
	c) Cylindrical	d) Circular		
4.	Wind at surfaces is more turbulent which increases the stresses in			
	a) VAWT $(a) = a a d (b)$	b) HAWT		
	c) Both (a) and (b)	a) None of these		
5.	The full-form of WECS is			
	a) Wind Energy conversion Solitary	b) Wind Energy Consulting Services		
	c) Wind Energy Conversion Systems	d) Wind Electrical Conversion Services		
6.	has low cut in speed of about 8 km	ph.		
	a) VAWT	b) HAWT		
	c) Both (a) and (b)	d) None of these		
7.	HAWT has blade, cut in speed of about			
	a) 10 kmph	b) 8 kmph		
	c) 12 kmph	d) 16 kmph		
8.	The pitch of the blade is controlled automati-	cally so as to provide theaction.		
	a) Cooling	b) Feathering		
	c) blowing	d) Wearing		
9.	The mechanical energy developed by the turbine rotor is converted into electrical energy by			
	a) Generator	b) inverter		
	c) Guyrope	d) Gear box		
10.	Wind energy generators which need the energy storage facility are called			
	a) Stand-alone System	b) Grid connected system		
	c) Hybrid system	d) All of the above		
11.	The function of is to derive the reference voltage and frequency signals from grid and to sense			
	the wind speed and its direction.			
	a) Generator	b) Yaw Control d) Wind turking		
	c) Controller	d) which the blue		
12.	failure of wind mill may cause its parts to fly and harm the people around them			
	a) Electrical	b) Mechanical		
	c) Electromagnetic	d) None of these		
13.	are caused due to heating of land and water in coastal areas.			
	a) Local Winds	b) Solar winds		
	c) Planetary winds	a) None of these		
14is the wind speed below which the machine doesnot rotate and no		e machine doesnot rotate and no power is produced.		
	a) Cut-out speed	b) Cut-in speed		
	c) Aero speed	d) All of these		

- 15.systems are useful since it can provide power throughout the year.a) Wind energy power systemb) Offshore wind energyc) Solar wind hybrid Powerd) None of these

MCQs on Renewable Energy Technologies (RET - 22661) Chapter no.4 Micro Hydro Power Systems

- Which of the following is not a requirement for site selection of hydroelectric powerplant?

 a) Availability of water
 - b) Large catchment area
 - c) Rocky land
 - d) Sedimentation
- 2. The amount of electrical energy that can be generated by a hydroelectric power plant depends upon _____
 - a) Head of water
 - b) Quantity of water
 - c) Specific weight of water
 - d) Efficiency of Alternator
- 3. Potential energy of water is used to drive the turbine.
 - a) True
 - b) False
- 4. Hydroelectric power plant is _____
 - a) Non-renewable source of energy
 - b) Conventional source of energy
 - c) Non-conventional source of energy
 - d) Continuous source of energy
- 5. Hydroelectric power plant is generally located near load centre.
 - a) True
 - b) False
- 6. Hydroelectric power plant is mainly located in _____
 - a) Flat areas
 - b) Deserts
 - c) Hilly areas
 - d) Deltas
- 7. Which of the following is not an advantage of hydroelectric power plant?
 - a) no fuel requirement
 - b) low running cost
 - c) continuous power source

d) no standby losses

- 8. Which of the following statement is true about hydroelectric power plant?
 - a) Hydroelectric power plants are multipurpose.
 - b) Due to non-uniform flow of water frequency control in such plants is very difficult.
 - c) Hydroelectric power plant has high running cost
 - d) Water is used as fuel in hydroelectric power plant
- 9. Which element of hydroelectric power plant prevents the penstock from water hammer phenomenon?
 - a) Valves and Gates
 - b) Draft tubes
 - c) Spillway
 - d) Surge Tank

10. Dam having very wide base as compared to its height is called _

- a) buttress dam
- b) arch dam
- c) earth dam
- d) solid gravity dam
- 11. Spillway discharges the overflow water to the downstream side when the reservoir is full.
 - a) True
 - b) False
- 12. Trash racks are built for
 - a) discharging the water freely from the turbine exit to tailrace
 - b) preventing the turbine from ingress of floating and other materials
 - c) creating artificial head to store sufficient potential energy of water
 - d) controlling the opening of valves
- 13. Penstock in a hydroelectric power plant is _____
 - a) a pipe connected to runner outlet
 - b) nozzle that release high pressure water on turbine blades
 - c) a conduit connecting forebay to scroll case of turbine
 - d) a pipe connecting surge tank to dam
- 14. The pressure at the inlet or exit of the draft tube should not be _____
 - a) less than one third of atmospheric pressure
 - b) greater than one third of atmospheric pressure
 - c) less than one atmospheric pressure
 - d) greater than one atmospheric pressure

- 15. Draft tube increases the operating head on the turbine.
 - a) True
 - b) False

16. Which statement about surge tank is wrong?

- a) Ideal location of surge tank is at the turbine inlet
- b) A decrease in load demands cause a rise in water level in surge tank
- c) Surge tanks are totally closed to avoid entry of unwanted objects to penstock
- d) Surge tanks are installed to reduce harm effects of water hammer phenomenon
- 17. Trash racks are located _____
 - a) near tailrace
 - b) at the entrance of turbine
 - c) inside penstock
 - d) intake
- 18. What is the function of booms?
 - a) It supports the dam
 - b) It supports the penstock
 - c) It divert the Icebergs from flowing into the penstock
 - d) To hold the turbine structure

Chapter no. 5 Bio Energy system

- 1. Which of the following are the benefits/uses of biogas?
 - 1) Bio-manure is obtained
 - 2) Improves sanitation in village
 - 3) Reduce causes of climate change
 - **a.** 1
 - **b.** 2, 3
 - **c.** 1, 3
 - d. All of the above
- 2. The term biomass most often refers to _____
 - a) Inorganic matter
 - b) Organic matter
 - c) Chemicals

d) Ammonium compounds

- **3.** Dead organisms are also comes under the biomass.
 - a) True
 - b) False
- 4. Biomass is useful to produce _____
 - a) Chemicals
 - b) Fibres
 - c) Biochemicals
 - d) Transportation fuels

5. Which one of the following is an example of starch crops biomass feed stocks?

- a) Sugar cane
- b) Wheat straw
- c) Corn stover
- d) Orchard prunings

6. Which of the following forestry materials can be used as biomass?

- a) Logging residues
- b) Tallow
- c) Fish oil
- d) Manure

7. Which of the following is not used as biomass?

- a) Hybrid poplar
- b) Willow algae

c) Iron nails

d) Trap grease

8. The aerobic digestion of sewage is used to produce _____

- a) Biomass
- b) Bio fuels
- c) Synthetic fuels
- d) Metal articles

9. Bio ethanol is denatured alcohol that is also called as _____

- a) Ethylene
- b) Methylated spirit
- c) Ethylene glycol
- d) Methylene

10. The production of bio ethanol is by fermenting the _____ and starch components.

- a) Acid
- b) Milk
- c) Sugar
- d) Alcohol

11. The bio ethanol is subjected to rectification to remove _

- a) Sugar
- b) Enzymes
- c) Yeast
- d) Impurities

12. The bio ethanol obtained in the fermentation process has _____purity.

- a) 99%
- b) 99.2%
- c) 99.4%
- d) 99.7%

13. The by-products that are produced during rectification of bio ethanol is used

- as_
- a) Pig feed
- b) Cow feed
- c) Dog feed
- d) Sheep feed

14. To make transport fuel the bio ethanol is blended with

- a) Diesel
- b) Petrol
- c) Oil
- d) Kerosene

15.

is called as the bio gas.

- a) Bio ethanol
- b) Bio methane
- c) Bio diesel
- d) Bio butanol

16. The percentage of carbondioxide in the bio methane is

- a) 30-40
- b) 32-43
- c) 35-45
- d) 55-60

17. All biofuels are made from:

- 1. Corn
- 2. animal fat
- biological ingredients
 None of the above

18. Which of the following is not a potential biofuel?

- 1. Grassoline
- 2. hydrogen fuel cells
- 3. algae biodiesel

4. None of the above

19. Ethanol refers to any biofuel made from:

- a) Grass
- b) corn
- c) plant carbohydrates
- d) None of the above

20. What's the primary source of biodiesel?

- a) Soybeans
- b) plant oil
- c) animal fat
- d) None of the above

Chapter no.6 Renewable Energy hybrid systems and Feasibility Studies

- 21. Renewable Hybrid system consist of how many no. ofNatural systems/resources.
 - a) Zero
 - b) One
 - c) Two or more
 - d) None of the above

22. Absorption of Solar radiations at earth's surface occur due to presence of

- (A) Ozone
- (B) Water vapours
- (C) Carbon di-oxide
- (D) All of the above

23. Photovoltaic solar energy conversion system makes use of

- (A) fuel cell
- (B) solar cell
- (C) solar pond
- (D) none of the above.

24. Solar cells are made of

- (A) silicon
- (B) germanium
- (C) silver
- (D) aluminium.

25. The voltage of a single solar cell is

- (A) 0.5 V
- (B) 1 V
- (C) 1.1 V
- (D) 5 W.

26. The major disadvantage, with solar cells for power generation is

- (A) lack of availability
- (B) large area requirement
- (C) variable power
- (D) high cost.

27. The maximum theoretical efficiencies of solar sales could be around

- (A) 99%
- (B) 60%
- (C) 48%
- (D) 1%.

28. The source of energy for satellite is

(A) battery

(B) solar cell

- (C) cryogenic storage
- (D) any of the above.

29. Thermal storage of energy is possible in the form of

- (A) sensible heat
- (B) latent heat
- (C) chemical reaction
- (D) any of the above.

30. The installed capacity of wind energy in India is about

- a. 8000 MW
- b. 1500 MW
- c. 6000 MW
- d. 4000 MW

31. The solar or photo voltaic cell converts:

- a) Chemical energy to electrical energy
- b) Solar radiation into electrical energy
- c) Solar radiation into thermal energy
- d) Thermal energy into electrical energy

32. Sun tracking system is required in the case of:

a) Cylindrical and parabolic and paraboloid

- b) Flat plate collector
- c) Both (a) and (b)
- d) None of the above

33. Which of the following area is preferred for solar power plants:

- a) Coastal areas
- b) Hot arid zones
- c) Mountain tops
- d) High rainfall zones

34. A pyranometer is used for mesurement of......

- a) Direct radiation only
- b) Diffuse radiation only
- c) Direct as well as diffuse radiation
- d) All of the above

35. Reflecting mirrors used for exploiting solar energy are called......

A.Mantle B.Ponds C.Diffusers D.Heliostats