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3 Hours	/ 100 Marks Seat No.	
Instructions – (1) All Questions are Compulsory.		
	(2) Answer each next main Question on a new page.	
	(3) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.	
	(4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.	
	(5) Assume suitable data, if necessary.	
	(6) Use of Non-programmable Electronic Pocket Calculator is permissible.	
	(7) Mobile Phone, Pager and any other Electronic Communication devices are not permissible in Examination Hall.	
	Mark	KS
1. Attem	pt any <u>TEN</u> of the following: 2	20
a) List th	ne stages of electrical power system.	
b) Define	the term inductive reactance.	

- c) Define frequency and cycle in case of alternating quantity.
- d) State the function of damping torque in measuring instruments.
- e) Give four applications of Digital Multimeter.
- f) State the function of commutator in a dc motor.
- g) State Fleming's Left Hand Rule.
- h) Define transformation ratio of transformer.
- i) State the working principle of transformer.
- j) Define regulation in case of a transformer.

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- k) Define slip and write the formula to determine percentage slip.
- 1) Write two applications of stepper motor.
- m) State the classification of drives.
- n) State the necessity of earthing.

2. Attempt any <u>FOUR</u> of the following:

- a) State the advantages of 3 phase supply system over single phase supply system. (any four)
- b) Explain the construction and working of electrodynamic wattmeter.
- c) A 1 ϕ , 50 Hz 230/115 V 1 KVA transformer is supplied by 230 V supply. Find full load primary and secondary currents.
- d) Explain the working of 1ϕ capacitor start induction run motor.
- e) Explain the working principle of electrical heating. Give any two types.
- f) Write fire extinguishing and pf improving methods. (two each)

3. Attempt any FOUR of the following:

- a) A coil having resistance 10 ohm and inductance 0.2 henry is connected across 100 V. 50 Hz supply. Calculate
 - (i) Reactance X_L
 - (ii) Impedance
 - (iii) Current
 - (iv) Power factor
- b) Three impedances each of 2 ohm resistance and 2 ohm inductive reactance are connected in delta across $3 \phi 400 \text{ V}$ ac supply. Determine phase current, line current and reactive power.
- c) Give the meaning of back emf. State its significance for D.C. motor.
- d) Derive the emf equation of a transformer.
- e) Compare squirrel cage induction motor with slip ring induction motor. (any four points)
- f) List various enclosures used in industry.

4. Attempt any FOUR of the following: Define rms value and average value write the relations of them a) for voltage and current. b) Compare Auto transformer with two winding transformer. Write the procedure to find efficiency of a given 1 pH c) transformer by direct loading method. Draw and explain torque-slip characteristics of a 3 pH. Induction d) motor. A 3 - ϕ , 4 pole induction motor runs at 1440 rpm. Find % slip e) at this speed. Explain principle of Induction heating with neat diagram. f) 5. 16 Attempt any FOUR of the following: Draw a circuit diagram for series R-L circuit. Write equation a) for voltage and current. Draw vector diagram. b) State and explain working principle of 3 phase induction motor. Write four major components of Alternator. State function of c) each. State factors for selection of motor for different drives. (any d) four) e) Compare individual drive with ground drive. f) Give advantages and disadvantages of CFL lamps. (two each) 6. Attempt any FOUR of the following: 16 a) Draw a circuit of DOL starter for 3 phase induction motor. b) Write any four applications of stepper motor. c) Describe basic principle of electroplating with neat sketch. d) Write function of MCB and ELCB.

- e) Define Tariff. State different types of tariff.
- State different types of power and their expression for 3 phase f) system. Draw power triangle.

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