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3	Ho	ours /	100		Aarks	Seat	No.								
	Instru	ections –			Questions			-							
			(2)	Ans	wer each	next main	Que	stion	on a	a ne	W	pag	e.		
			ì í		strate your essary.	answers	with	neat	sketc	ches	wł	nere	ever		
			(4)	Figu	ires to the	right ind	icate	full	mark	S.					
				Con	oile Phone nmunicatio mination H	n devices									
													Ma	rks	
1.		Answer	any <u>'</u>	TEN	of the f	ollowing:								20	
	a)	Define '	fine "Wet spinning".												
	b)	Define "degree of polymerisation". Give an example.													
	c)	Write an	ny two	y two physical properties of cotton.											
	d)	What ar	e oxy	oxycellulose? Where are they found?											
	e)	State the names of various varieties of cotton.													
	f)	What do you mean by crystalline region in a fibre? State its importance.													
	g)	Define flax fibres. State their uses.													
	h)	State any four physical properties of lyocell fibre.													

- i) State any four uses of viscose rayon.
- j) State the names of various raw materials required for manufacturing of cellulose acetate.
- k) State any two chemical properties of cellulose triacetate.

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- 1) Draw morphological structure of protein fibre.
- m) Define degumming of silk.
- n) Write the chemical composition of jute and flax fibre.

2. Answer any FOUR of the following:

- a) Explain classification of fibres according to their chemical nature.
- b) Describe a method for cultivation of cotton.
- c) Name of various additives used in the manufacture of viscose rayon and explain the function of any two additives.
- d) Explain homogeneous acetylation of cellulose.
- e) Explain the concept of sericulture and reeling.
- f) Write any four uses of banana fibres.

3. Answer any FOUR of the following:

- a) Explain various requirements for dry spinning.
- b) State any four requirements for spinning process.
- c) Explain the concept of chemical bonding in cotton.
- d) What are HWMF? Explain its physical properties.
- e) Explain the various sources of wool fibre. How would you carry out its grading?
- f) Describe morphological structure of wool.

4. Answer any FOUR of the following:

- a) Explain the concept of mesomorphous region in a fibre. State its importance.
- b) Draw morphological structure of cotton. State its two physical properties.
- c) Explain manufacturing process of polynosic fibres.
- d) State two uses of each of viscose ray on and HWMF.
- e) Write two physical and two chemical properties of cellulose acetate.
- f) State any four physical properties and four uses of silk.

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5. Answer any <u>FOUR</u> of the following:

- a) Describe in general characteristics of amorphous region in a fibre.
- b) Explain chemistry of damage to cellulose.
- c) Draw only flow chart for the manufacturing process of Lyocell fibre.
- d) State the raw materials used for the manufacturing process of cellulose triacetate and write any two physical properties two uses of cellulose acetate.
- e) How would you identify silk and wool on the basis of chemical properties? (four points)
- f) State any two physical and two chemical properties of wool.

6. Answer any <u>FOUR</u> of the following:

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- a) How would you carry out extraction of banana fibres?
- b) Classify bass fibres. State their importance (any two).
- c) Explain two chemical methods to detect oxy-cellulose.
- d) Represent structural formula of cellulose. Name the repeat unit present. Is it polar or non polar?
- e) Explain essential requirements of wet spinning (any four)
- f) Define:
 - (i) fibre
 - (ii) filament
 - (iii) yarn
 - (iv) fabric