



22208

21718

3 Hours / 70 Marks

Seat No.

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- Instructions :**
- (1) *All questions are **compulsory**.*
 - (2) *Illustrate your answers with neat sketches **wherever** necessary.*
 - (3) *Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.*
 - (4) *Assume suitable data, if **necessary**.*

Marks

SECTION – I

1. Attempt **any six** of the following : **12**

- a) Define reluctance and flux density.
- b) Define form factor and peak factor.
- c) The frequency of an a.c. supply is 60 Hz. Calculate the angular frequency of it.
- d) Define transformation ratio of a transformer.
- e) Write the voltage and current equations when a.c. supply is connected across a resistor.
- f) State the working principle of single phase transformer.
- g) State different types of single phase induction motors.
- h) Convert the following into polar form
 - i) $4 + j5$
 - ii) $3 - j6$

2. Attempt **any three** of the following : **12**

- a) State and explain Faradays laws of electro magnetic induction.
- b) Draw a 3 phase balanced star connected load and indicate V_L , V_{ph} , I_L and I_{ph} on it. Write the relation between
 - i) line voltage and phase voltage
 - ii) line current and phase current.
- c) Compare auto transformer and two winding transformer on the basis of
 - i) no. of windings
 - ii) efficiency
 - iii) electrical isolation
 - iv) applications
- d) Explain the operation of split phase induction motor with neat diagram.

P.T.O.

**Marks**

3. Attempt **any two** of the following : **12**
- a) A resistance of $100\ \Omega$ and inductance of $0.5\ \text{H}$ are connected in series across a $230\ \text{V}$, $50\ \text{Hz}$ ac supply. Calculate
 - i) Angular frequency
 - ii) Inductive reactance
 - iii) Impedance
 - iv) Current
 - v) Power factor
 - vi) Power consumed
 - b) Explain statically induced EMF and dynamically induced EMF with neat diagram and examples.
 - c) Define transformer and derive EMF equation of transformer.

SECTION – II

4. Attempt **any five** of the following : **10**
- a) State the difference between active and passive components.
 - b) Define efficiency and PIV.
 - c) List different types of resistors and capacitors.
 - d) Draw the symbols of PNP and NPN transistor.
 - e) Draw the symbol of ideal voltage source and practical current source.
 - f) Write the applications of BJT.
5. Attempt **any three** of the following : **12**
- a) Find the value of resistor from the given color code.
 - i) Blue, red, orange, silver
 - ii) Orange, Orange, Brown, Gold.
 - b) Explain zener diode as voltage regulator.
 - c) Compare CE, CB and CC configurations.
 - d) Draw the circuit, input and O/P waveforms of full wave rectifier (centre tap) with π filter.
 - e) Draw sinusoidal signal with its time and freq.domain representation.
6. Attempt **any two** of the following : **12**
- a) Explain transistor as a switch and amplifier.
 - b) i) Differentiate between analog and digital ICs.
 - ii) Draw the output characteristics of CE configuration and label various regions on it.
 - c) Explain the operation of a full wave bridge rectifier with capacitor filter. Draw input and output waveforms.
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