# 17651

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#### Marks

12

### 1. a) Attempt any <u>THREE</u> of the following:

- (i) Name any four Indian refineries with their location and capacity.
- (ii) Define:
  - 1) Octane number
  - 2) Aniline point
  - 3) Drop point
  - 4) Flash point
- (iii) Draw the flow sheet for manufacture of propylene oxide from propylene.
- (iv) Define 'Refinery'. Explain different types of refineries.

#### b) Attempt any <u>ONE</u> of the following:

- (i) List any six fractions obtained from crude oil with their boiling point range and uses.
- (ii) Why vacuum distillation is carried out in oil refineries? Explain vacuum distillation with flow diagram.

06

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Marks

16

12

5.

- Explain Udex process for recovery of BTX from reformate a) gasoline.
- b) Explain with flow sheet, manufacturing of butadiene from butane.
- c) Explain  $C_4$  isomerisation process with flow sheet.

Attempt any TWO of the following:

#### Attempt any **FOUR** of the following: 6.

16

16

- a) List any two,  $C_2$  and  $C_3$  hydrocarbons each, which are derived from crude oil.
- b) Explain filtering and demineralisation of waste water from oil refinery.
- c) Give the reasons, why the crude oil is called as 'black gold'?
- d) Define:
  - Ignition Temperature (i)
  - Fire point (ii)
  - (iii) Cloud point
  - (iv) Calorific value
- e) Why distillation operation is the major unit operation in oil refinery?
- Write the reactions involved in hydrogenation and hydration f) processes.