



# 17102

15162

2 Hours / 50 Marks

Seat No.

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- Instructions :**
- (1) All questions are **compulsory**.
  - (2) Answer **each** next main question on a **new** page.
  - (3) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches **wherever** necessary.
  - (4) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.
  - (5) Assume suitable data, if **necessary**.

**Marks**

1. Attempt **any nine** of the following :

**18**

- a) State Hooke's law of elasticity.
- b) Define compressibility. State its SI Unit.
- c) Define velocity gradient and state its unit.
- d) A water tank having capacity to store  $1000 \text{ cm}^3$  of water is filled one-third. Calculate pressure at the bottom of water tank.  
Given : Density of water =  $10^3 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ,  $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$
- e) Define :
  - i) Adhesive force
  - ii) Cohesive force
- f) What is absolute scale of temperature ?
- g) Explain why  $C_p$  is greater than  $C_v$ .
- h) Define the two specific heats of gas.
  - i) Define transverse wave. Give one example.
  - j) The wave travels with speed of  $3 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$  and frequency 90 MHz. Calculate its wavelength.
- k) State the principles of superposition of waves.
- l) Define resonance.

2. Attempt **any four** of the following :

**16**

- a) Explain stress-strain diagram for a wire under continuously increasing load.
- b) Calculate Young's modulus of elasticity for material of wire having length 2 m, 0.6 mm diameter. If weight applied is 100 N which elongates the wire by 1 mm.
- c) State Newton's law of viscosity. Define coefficient of viscosity and state its SI unit.
- d) Define :
  - i) Streamline flow
  - ii) Turbulent flowGive significance of Reynold's number.
- e) Explain Laplace's molecular theory of surface tension of liquid.
- f) A capillary tube of radius 0.1 mm is dipped into a liquid of density  $10^3 \text{ kg/m}^3$  and angle of contact  $10^\circ$ . If the liquid rises by 20 mm in the tube. Find the surface tension of liquid.

**P.T.O.**



3. Attempt **any four** of the following :

16

- a) State law of thermal conductivity. Define coefficient of thermal conductivity.
  - b) Define isothermal process and adiabatic process. Give one example of each in engineering field.
  - c) State the use of bad conductor in heat transfer.
  - d) Derive an equation for prism formula using neat labelled diagram.
  - e) Explain the propagation of light wave through optical fibre with help of neat labelled diagram.
  - f)
    - i) A particle performing SHM has period of 3 sec. Calculate its acceleration at 2 cm from mean position.
    - ii) A tuning fork of frequency 512 Hz resonates with an air column of length 14 cm. Calculate the velocity of sound in air, if end correction is 26 mm.
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