17660

16172 3 Hours / 100 Marks

Seat No.				

Instructions:

- (1) All questions are compulsory.
- (2) Answer each next main question on a new page.
- (3) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
- (4) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.
- (5) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
- (6) Use of Non-programmable Electronic Pocket Calculator is permissible.
- (7) Mobile Phone, Pager and any other Electronic Communication devices are **not** permissible in Examination Hall.

Marks

1. A) Attempt any three:

 $(3 \times 4 = 12)$

- a) State the importance of mechatronics in various field of engineering.
- b) Explain in brief mechatronics. List its applications.
- c) What is optical encoder? List its types.
- d) Distinguish between transducer and sensor.

B) Attempt any one:

 $(1 \times 6 = 6)$

- a) List advantages and disadvantages of CNC based drilling machine.
- b) Draw block diagram of practical ABS system. State its advantages.

2. Attempt any four:

 $(4 \times 4 = 16)$

- a) Draw and explain general block diagram of Robotic system.
- b) Explain in brief cam. State the types of cam. List two applications.
- c) Explain working of Belt. List types of Belt.
- d) Draw and explain electronic PID controller.
- e) Define sensor, signal conditioner, controller and actuator in mechatronic system.
- f) List out various position sensors. Explain any one in detail.

3. Attempt any four:

 $(4 \times 4 = 16)$

- a) Draw and explain Fuzzy logic controller.
- b) Compare Electronic controllers with pneumatic controllers.
- c) List different components of Industrial Robot. State functions of any two.
- d) Define DOF. Draw and explain six degrees of freedom.
- e) Draw and explain Rack and Pinion assembly.
- f) Classify bearing and explain any one in brief.



Marks

4. A) Attempt any three:

 $(3 \times 4 = 12)$

- a) Draw block diagram of microcontroller based pick and place Robot. List the four movements required by this Robot.
- b) List advantages and applications of PLC.
- c) Draw block diagram of pneumatic system showing its basic components. State the functions of control value and air actuator.
- d) Explain the principle of operation of solenoid. State two parameters on which selection of solenoid is based.

B) Attempt any one:

 $(1 \times 6 = 6)$

- a) Draw and explain schematic of PLC based automatic car parking barrier system.
- b) Draw a ladder diagram for following conditions of conveyor motor.
 - I) Start push button to start the conveyor motor.
 - II) Bottle moves past the photo sensor and the conveyor motor stops automatically after count of 25 bottles.
 - III) The counter is to be reset to zero after 25 bottles.
 - IV) The conveyor motor can be stopped manually at any time.
 - V) The accumulated count of the counter is reset manually by means of count reset button.

5. Attempt any four:

 $(4 \times 4 = 16)$

- a) Draw and explain the working principle of Linear Velocity Transducer (LVT).
- b) Explain working principle of stroboscope with neat sketch.
- c) Draw and explain pneumatic proportional controller.
- d) Draw and explain block diagram of MEMS.
- e) List advantages and disadvantages of MEMS.
- f) For a signal conditioner explain the terms linearization and signal conversion.

6. Attempt any four:

 $(4 \times 4 = 16)$

- a) Give two applications of each:
 - 1) Eddy current sensor
 - 2) Optical sensor.
- b) Draw and explain implementation of proportional type Hydraulic controller.
- c) List different types of Gears and state two applications of each.
- d) Draw and explain the working principle of MEMS accelerometer.
- e) Draw a ladder diagram for
 - I) To ON-off a motor with push button.
 - II) To off a motor after 5 sec.
- f) Explain the working principle of capacitive sensor with neat diagram.
