

17316

16172 3 Hours / 100 Marks

Seat No.

Instructions:

- (1) All questions are compulsory.
- (2) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
- (3) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.
- (4) Assume suitable data, if **necessary**.
- (5) Use of Non-programmable Electronic Pocket Calculator is permissible.
- (6) Mobile Phone, Pager and any other Electronic Communication devices are **not** permissible in Examination Hall.

Marks

1. A) Attempt any six of the following:

 $(6 \times 2 = 12)$

- i) Write down formula showing relationship between frequency and wavelength. If the frequency of signal is 18 KHz, calculate the wavelength.
- ii) What is the function of Bass and Treble control in HIFI audio amplifier?
- iii) Define phase modulation and its modulation index.
- iv) Enlist specification of compact disc (4 points).
- v) State principle of magnetic recording.
- vi) Define timbre, pitch.
- vii) State the need of graphic equilizer.
- viii) Draw the block diagram of HI-FI system.

B) Attempt any two of the following:

 $(4 \times 2 = 8)$

- i) A 500 watt carrier is modulated to a depth of 80%. Calculate the total power in modulated wave. What will be the change in total power of the modulated wave if we reduce modulation percentage from 80% to 70% by keeping same power of a carrier?
- ii) Find the carrier frequency, modulating frequency, modulation index and maximum deviation of the FM wave represented by the voltage equation $v_0 = 12 \sin(6 \times 10^8 t + 5 \sin 1250 t)$.
- iii) What is significance of low pass filter, band pass filter and high pass filter in Dolby-A system (with frequency ranges)?

2. Attempt any four of the following:

 $(4 \times 4 = 16)$

- i) Compare Woofer and Tweeter on the basis of (a) definition (b) size (c) weight (d) frequency range.
- ii) Enlist advantages of Compact Disc (4 points).
- iii) Draw the block diagram of PA system. Explain function of each block.

Marks

- iv) Explain the variable density method of optical recording of sound on film.
- v) With neat block diagram explain the generation of SSB by "Third Method".
- vi) Draw the varacter diode modulator used for generation of F.M. Explain its working.

3. Attempt any four of the following:

 $(4 \times 4 = 16)$

- i) Draw the waveform of amplitude modulated envelope for modulation index m = 1. What change will take place in amplitude modulated waveform if increase modulation index from 1 to 1.5? Explain with neat sketch.
- ii) Draw the block diagram of communication system. Explain operation of each block.
- iii) Draw the block diagram of Armstrong frequency modulator system. What is the function of balanced modulator in Armstrong frequency modulator system?
- iv) Define modulation. Enlist different types of modulation. Explain need of modulation.
- v) Explain the terms: preemphasis and deemphasis.
- vi) Define frequency modulation. Draw the waveform of frequency modulation. How many number of sidebands present in frequency modulated wave?

4. Attemptany four of the following:

 $(4 \times 4 = 16)$

- i) Draw the block diagram of FM transmitter. Enlist advantages of FM over AM.
- ii) Define amplitude modulation. Explain the term bandwidth of AM wave.
- iii) Enlist four specifications of PA system.
- iv) Explain concept and necessity of reverberation.
- v) Explain class-A voltage pre-amplifier.
- vi) Draw and explain optical recording on compact disc.

5. Attempt any four of the following:

 $(4 \times 4 = 16)$

- i) Draw and explain reactance modulator for generation of FM.
- ii) With neat block diagram explain AM transmitter.
- iii) Explain ribbon microphone with construction and working principle.
- iv) Compare monophony and stereophony (any 4 points).
- v) Explain, how noise cancelling is done in radio noise cancelling microphones?
- vi) Explain the concept of vestigial side band transmission.

6. Attempt any four of the following:

 $(4 \times 4 = 16)$

- i) Draw the circuit diagram of 3 way speaker system. Explain its operation.
- ii) Draw the circuit diagram of different stereo controls. Explain balance control and blend control.
- iii) Explain typical PA installation plan for public meeting.
- iv) What is fidelity? Explain causes affecting fidelity.
- v) Draw and explain complementary symmetry push pull amplifier.
- vi) Convert the carrier frequency 25 MHz and modulating frequency 400 Hz in rad/s. What is modulation index of FM if $\delta = 10$ KHz and fm = 400 Hz?