# 17465

# 15162 3 Hours / 100 Marks

Seat No.

# *Instructions* : (1) All Questions are *compulsory*.

- (2) Answer each next main Question on a new page.
- (3) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
- (4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- (5) Assume suitable data, if necessary.

#### Marks

#### 1. (A) Solve any FIVE :

- (a) List various method of measurement of threads per unit length and describe any one.
- (b) Describe fabric sampling method with neat sketch.
- (c) Calculate the cover factor if warp count = 40 NeWeft count = 30 Ne, E.P.I. = 9.0, P.P.I = 40
- (d) Define serviceability, wear and abrasion. Also state type of abrasion.
- (e) Draw sketch of sample size for tearing strength tester. Also state the principle of tearing strength tester.
- (f) Enlist all parameters given by AFIS (Advanced Fibre Information System)
- (g) State the concept of swelling shrinkage in dimensional stability.

#### 2. Solve any TWO :

- (a) Describe with neat sketch measurement of Brusting strength of fabric.
- (b) Describe method of measurement of tensile strength of fabric with suitable figure
- (c) State the principle and working of High Volume Instrument (HVI).

# [1 of 2]

#### $5 \times 4 = 20$

# $2 \times 8 = 16$

#### 3. Solve any FOUR :

- (a) Define fabric width. Describe methods of measuring fabric width.
- (b) Define crimp and crimp % and state method to measure crimp percentage in warp and weft ?
- (c) Explain with neat sketch method to measure thickness of fabric.
- (d) Derive the mathematical relation between cover factor, yarn count and yarn diameter.
- (e) Define Bending length and bending modulus and give the formulae to calculate both.
- (f) Draw neat sketch of crease recovery tester and lable the names.

# 4. Solve any FOUR :

- (a) Draw neat sketch of fabric stiffness tester.
- (b) Describe method of measurement of drape-coefficient of fabric by drape meter.
- (c) State the effect's of pilling on fabric properties.
- (d) Define water proof fabrics and water repellent fabrics.
- (e) Describe measurement of pilling by ICI pillbox tester.
- (f) Define air permeability, air resistance, air porosity and contact angle.

# 5. Solve any TWO :

- (a) Describe how to measure colour fastness to light.
- (b) Describe principle and working of Tenso-Jet tensile strength measuring instrument.
- (c) Describe the method to measure seam slippage.

# 6. Solve any FOUR :

- (a) In HVI (High Volume Instrument's) how to convert span length to full length from fibrograph ? Draw figure and explain.
- (b) What is Grey scale for colour change and staining ?
- (c) Describe Hydrostatic water head test for measurement of water proofness.
- (d) List methods of assessing end-point in abrasion resistance testing. Also state principle of Martindale abrasion tester.
- (e) Discuss various factor's affecting air-permeability of fabric.
- (f) State the Basic concept of wetting in water permeability.

 $4 \times 4 = 16$ 

# $4 \times 4 = 16$

$$2 \times 8 = 16$$