21415 3 Hours / 100 Marks

Seat No.

Instructions: (1) All Questions are compulsory.

- (2) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
- (3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- (4) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
- (5) Use of Non-Programmable Electronic Pocket Calculator is permissible.
- (6) Mobile Phone, Pager and any other Electronic Communication devices are not permissible in Examination Hall.

Marks

1. (A) Attempt any THREE:

 $3\times 4=12$

- (a) Explain the scope of Mechatronics in industry. Give any four examples.
- (b) Differentiate between 'Sensor' and 'Transducer'.
- (c) Explain electronic PID controller with the help of diagram.
- (d) State the working principle of 'solenoid valve' with neat sketch.

(B) Attempt any ONE:

 $1 \times 6 = 6$

- (a) Explain the construction and working of LVDT accelerometer with the help of diagram.
- (b) What is 'Part Programming' ? Enlist basic requirements for Part programming with suitable example.

2. Attempt any TWO:

 $2 \times 8 = 16$

- (a) What is the significance of signal conditioners? Explain the need of following in Mechatronic system
 - (i) Isolator
 - (ii) Filter
 - (iii) Amplifier
 - (iv) Data converter
- (b) Develop a ladder diagram / programming using PLC for following :
 - (i) To ON-OFF a motor
 - (ii) To control conveyor belt motor.
- (c) What is belt? Explain the operation of belt. List the different types of belt & give one example of each.

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3. Attempt any FOUR:

 $4 \times 4 = 16$

- (a) When to select 'P-I' controller ? Give any two applications of P-I controller.
- (b) Explain the Mechatronics system with the help of block diagram and labelled the various elements.
- (c) State the working principle of capacitive sensor with neat diagram.
- (d) Differentiate between pneumatic and hydraulic system.
- (e) Enlist any eight applications of 'ROBOT'.
- (f) Explain in brief, how antilock braking system works.

4. (A) Attempt any THREE:

 $3 \times 4 = 12$

- (a) Explain in brief 'Hall effect sensor'.
- (b) What are the advantages and disadvantages of Mechatronics System?
- (c) Define 'PLC' and draw its labelled diagram.
- (d) How robots are classified on the basis of work place? Give one example of each Robot.

(B) Attempt any ONE:

 $1 \times 6 = 6$

- (a) State the working principle of Gear and give its applications.
- (b) What is 'MEMS'? Explain with neat block diagram.

5. Attempt any FOUR:

 $4 \times 4 = 16$

- (a) State the principle of 'Tachogenerator' with the help of diagram.
- (b) Enlist the advantages of Microcontroller (any four).
- (c) What are 'Linear Actuators' ? State any four applications.
- (d) Explain how MEMS accelerometer is used as airbag sensor for car system.
- (e) Draw block diagram for CNC drilling machine and explain its working.
- (f) How PLC based automatic car parking system works? Explain in brief.

6. Attempt any FOUR:

 $4 \times 4 = 16$

- (a) List and explain the components of a hydraulic system.
- (b) What is 'Degree of Freedom'? List the functions of end effecter.
- (c) Explain in brief Cartesian robot.
- (d) Draw the block diagram of robot system. Explain the role of sensor in robot system.
- (e) Draw the block diagram of PLC based car parking system. Explain its working.