

# 17207

**15116**

**2 Hours / 50 Marks**

Seat No.

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- Instructions* – (1) All Questions are *Compulsory*.  
(2) Answer each next main Question on a new page.  
(3) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.  
(4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.  
(5) Assume suitable data, if necessary.  
(6) Use of Non-programmable Electronic Pocket Calculator is permissible.

**Marks**

- 1. Attempt any NINE of the following :** **18**
- a) Define –
    - (i) Uniform linear velocity.
    - (ii) Angular velocity.
  - b) State equations of angular motion. (Any two)
  - c) State Newton's law of motion (Any two)
  - d) State law of conservation of momentum.
  - e) Define –
    - (i) Work
    - (ii) Efficiency of a pump
  - f) Define –
    - (i) Projectile motion
    - (ii) Angle of projection

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- g) Define –
  - (i) Time of flight
  - (ii) Frequency
- h) Define –
  - (i) Reverberation
  - (ii) Luminous flux
- i) Define –
  - (i) Utilization factor
  - (ii) Threshold frequency
- j) State laws of illumination. (Any two)
- k) State factors affecting indoor lighting.
- l) A car has initial velocity of 6 m/sec. It accelerates for 12 seconds at the rate of  $3.5 \text{ m/sec}^2$ . Determine the final velocity and distance travelled during this time.

**2. Attempt any FOUR of the following :**

**16**

- a) State advantages of non-destructive testing over destructive testing.
- b) Give comparison between liquid penetrating testing and ultrasonic testing.
- c) Two vehicles A and B are moving in the same direction at a speed of 15 m/sec. But car B is ahead of car A by 300 meters. If vehicle A is accelerated by  $3 \text{ m/sec}^2$  and vehicle B has same speed as that of earlier, find at what distance vehicle A and B meet each other.
- d) State factors affecting acoustical planning of an auditorium and explain any one of them.
- e) State any four applications of photoelectric cell.
- f) State any four uses of X-rays.

**3. Attempt any FOUR of the following :**

- a) The photoelectric work function of certain metal is  $3 \times 10^{-19}$  Joules. Calculate its threshold frequency.  
Planck's constant ( $h$ ) =  $6.62 \times 10^{-34}$  J.sec.
- b) Define –
- (i) Impulse
  - (ii) Stopping potential
  - (iii) Photoelectric work function
  - (iv) Power
- c) What is a photometer ? Explain Bunsen's grease spot photometer.
- d) Obtain the formula for distance travelled by a body in  $n^{\text{th}}$  second along a straight line.
- e) A hall of volume  $5000 \text{ m}^3$  has reverberation time of 2 seconds. If the absorbing surface in the hall amounts to  $3320 \text{ m}^2$ , determine the coefficient of absorption.
- f) State any four properties of ultrasonic waves.
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